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# NON-PERTURBATIVE ASPECTS OF $\mathcal{N}=8$ QCD<sub>1+1</sub> AND MATRIX STRINGS

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## • MATRIX STRING THEORY

$\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{N}=8, D=1+1, U(N)$  SUSY YANG-MILLS THEORY

## • PROPERTIES OF 2D $\mathcal{N}=8$ SYM

$\Leftrightarrow$  NON-PERTURBATIVE DESCRIPTIONS OF  
STRING DYNAMICS, D-BRANES, M THEORY,

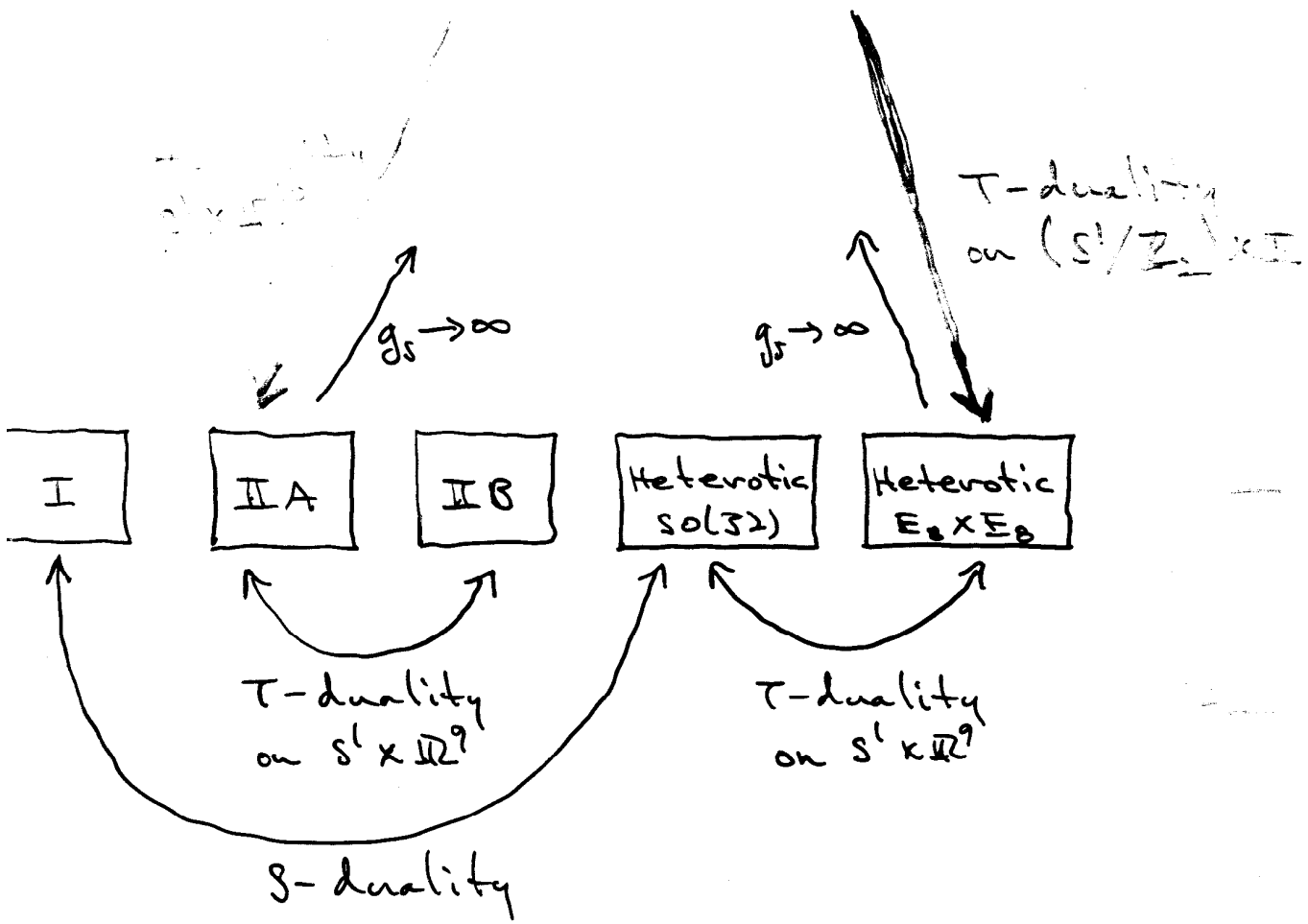
## • EXPLICIT NICOLAI MAP AT LARGE $N$

I. Kogan, G. Semenoff + R.J.S., Mod. Phys. Lett.  
A12 (1997) 183.

I. Kogan + R.J.S., Phys. Lett. B404 (1997) 286

# M THEORY

Low Energy  $\leftarrow$   
 $\equiv$  11D SUGRA



S-DUALITY:  $g_s \rightarrow \frac{1}{g_s}$

T-DUALITY:  $R \rightarrow \frac{l_p^2}{R}$

# I. MATRIX STRING THEORY

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$N=8$   $U(N)$  SYM IN  $1+1$  DIMENSIONS ON A CYLINDER  $(\tau, \sigma) \in \mathbb{R}^1 \times S^1$ :

$$S = \frac{R_g^2}{2\pi\alpha'} \int d\tau \oint d\sigma \operatorname{tr} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^8 (D_\mu X^i)^2 + i \psi^T \not{\partial} \psi - \frac{1}{2} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + \frac{1}{2g_s^2} \sum_{i < j} [X^i, X^j]^2 - \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{i=1}^8 \psi^T \gamma_i [X^i, \psi] \right)$$

$$g_{YM} = \frac{1}{g_s}, \quad T \equiv \frac{1}{2\pi\alpha'} = \text{STRING TENSION}$$

$R_g$  - COMPACTIFICATION RADIUS IN  $11$ -D

$X^i(\tau, \sigma)$  -  $N \times N$  HERMITIAN MATRIX FIELD IN ADJOINT REP. OF COLOUR  $U(N)$   
 $i = 1, \dots, 8$

$\psi(\tau, \sigma) = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_L^\alpha(\tau + \sigma) \\ \psi_R^{\dot{\alpha}}(\tau - \sigma) \end{pmatrix}$  -  $N \times N$  MAJORANA-WEYL SPINOR FIELDS, IN ADJ. REP. OF  $U(N)$

$$\alpha, \dot{\alpha} = 1, \dots, 8$$

$(X^i, \psi_L^\alpha, \psi_R^{\dot{\alpha}})$  TRANSFORM IN  $(\mathfrak{so}_v, \mathfrak{so}_s, \mathfrak{so}_c)$  REPS. OF SYMMETRY GROUP  $SO(8)$  OF TARGET SPACE  $\mathbb{R}^8$ .

$$\gamma^i = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \gamma_{\alpha\alpha}^i \\ \gamma_{\alpha\alpha}^i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \in \mathfrak{so}_5 \oplus \mathfrak{so}_2, \quad \{\gamma_i, \gamma_j\} = 2\delta_{ij} \quad \square$$

$A_\mu(\tau, \sigma)$  - NON-DYNAMICAL, RESIDUAL 2D  $u(N)$   
GAUGE FIELD,  $\mu=0,1$

$$F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu + \frac{i}{g_s} [A_\mu, A_\nu]; \quad x^0 \equiv \tau, \quad x^1 \equiv \sigma$$

$$\not{D} = \begin{pmatrix} D_+ & 0 \\ 0 & D_- \end{pmatrix}, \quad D_\pm = D_\tau \pm D_\sigma, \quad D_\mu = \partial_\mu + \frac{i}{g_s} [A_\mu, \cdot]$$

### A THEORY IN (10+1) DIMENSIONS:

• PLANCK LENGTH  $l_p$ , COORDS.  $x^\mu = (t, x^i, x^{11})$

$$x^i = x^\perp, \quad i=1, \dots, 9$$

$$x^{11} \sim x^{11} + 2\pi R_{11}$$

• LIGHT-CONE:  $x^\pm \equiv t \pm x^{11}$

• BOOST ALONG LONGITUDINAL AXIS  $x^{11}$

$\Rightarrow$  INFINITE MOMENTUM FRAME,  $p_{11} \rightarrow \infty$

• ONLY STATES WITH  $p_{11} > 0$  RELEVANT.

• COMPACT  $x'' \Rightarrow R'' = \frac{N}{R''}$ ,  $N - A > 0$  INTEGER L5

$$R'' \rightarrow \infty, \frac{N}{R''} \rightarrow \infty$$

•  $R'' < \infty \Rightarrow$  TYPE IIA SUPERSTRINGS IN  $D=9+1$ :

$$R'' = g_s^{2/3} l_p, \quad l_s \equiv \sqrt{\alpha'} = g_s^{-1/3} l_p$$

$$g_s \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow R'' \rightarrow \infty.$$

• CONJECTURE: ONLY DYNAMICAL DEGREES OF FREEDOM OF M THEORY IN THE LIGHT-CONE FRAME ARE D0-BRANES, WHICH ARE PARTONS OF THE TRANSVERSE SPACE  $\mathbb{R}^9$ .

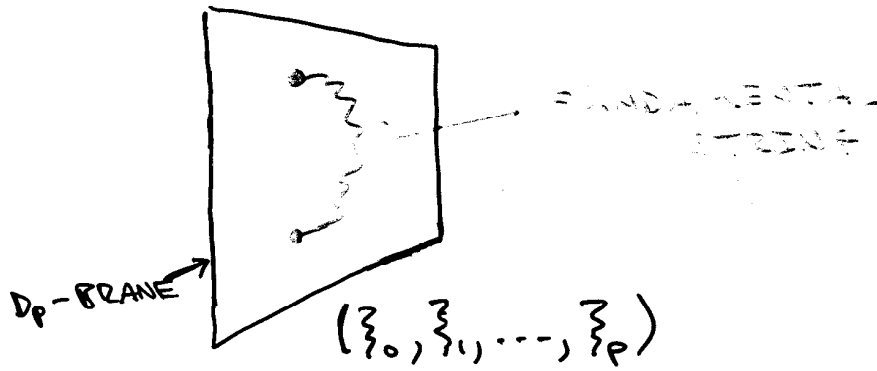
### 5 D-BRANE FIELD THEORY:

• LOW-ENERGY DYNAMICS OF OPEN SUPERSTRINGS WITH NEUMANN BOUNDARY CONDS.  $\equiv D=9+1, N=1$

$U(N)$  SYM THEORY:

$$S_{\text{YM}}^{(9)} = \int d^{10}x \text{tr} \left( -\frac{1}{2} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + \frac{i}{2} \psi \overset{32 \times 32}{\Gamma^{\mu\nu}} \not{D} \psi \right).$$

• DIRICHLET  $p$ -BRANES:

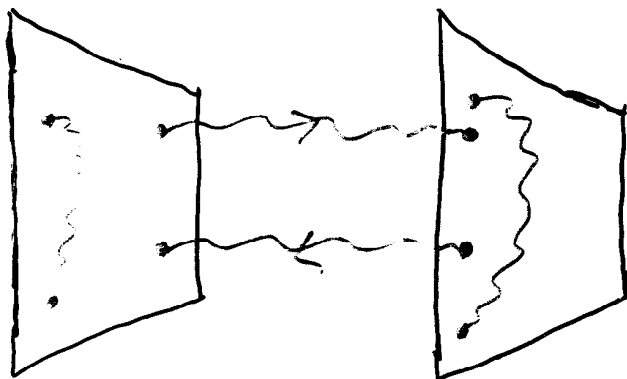


$A_\alpha(\xi)$ ,  $\alpha=0, \dots, p \Rightarrow$  tangential components to  $D_p$ -brane

$$X_i(\xi) = 2\pi\alpha' A_i(\xi), \quad i=p+1, \dots, 9$$

$\Rightarrow$  components orthogonal to  $D$ -brane, associated with coords. of  $D_p$ -brane

•  $U(N)$  GAUGE SYMMETRY:



$N=2$   $D_p$ -branes

$$M \sim T |x^i - x^j|$$

$$P_{ii} = \frac{N}{R_{ii}} \text{ for } p=0$$

$$U(N) \supset U(1)^N$$

Massless vector states form a  $U(N)$  multiplet.

• T-DUALITY:

[7]

$$A_i \in [0, \frac{1}{R_i}]$$

$$\xrightarrow{T}$$

$$X_i = 2\pi\alpha' A_i \in [0, 2\pi\frac{\alpha'}{R_i}]$$

NEUMANN

$$\xrightarrow{T}$$

DIRICHLET

winding #'s  $nR_i$   
of  $A_i$

$$\xrightarrow{T}$$

String momentum

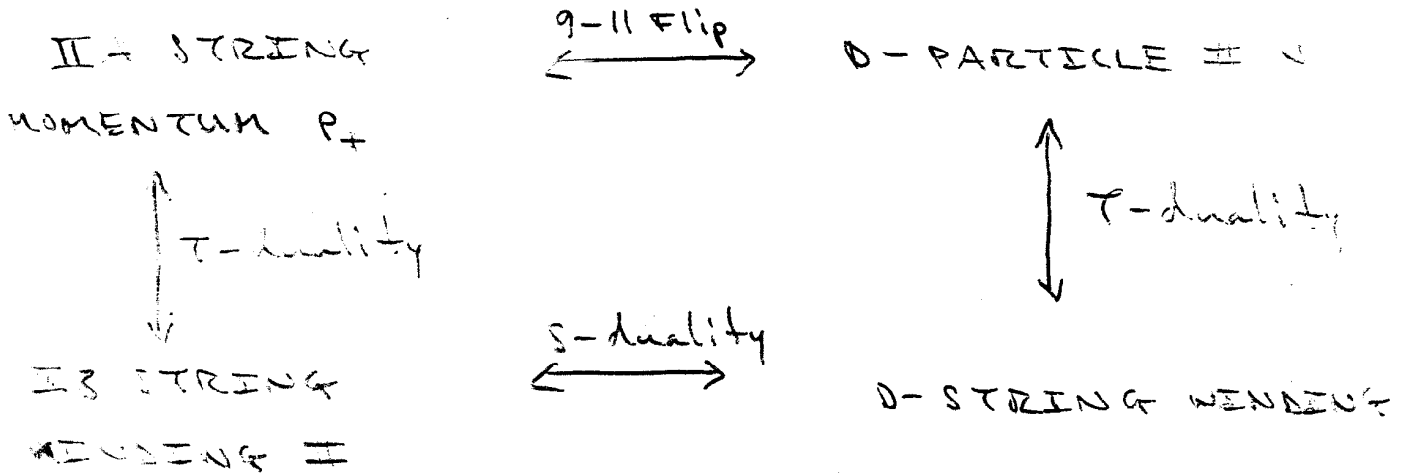
$$P_i = \frac{nR_i}{\alpha'}$$

$$W[C] = \exp\left(i \int_C A_i dx^i\right) \xrightarrow{T}$$

$$V_p = e^{iP_i X^i}$$

• FOR D0-BRANES, COMPACTIFY  $x^9 \in x^\perp$  TO

$$\text{RADIUS } R_9 \Rightarrow X_9 \rightarrow R_9 D_0, \quad R_9 = g_s l_p, \quad P_+ = \frac{M}{R}$$



• D0-BRANES PROBE SHORT-DISTANCES IN STRING THEORY

$\Rightarrow$  NONCOMMUTATIVE GEOMETRICAL SPACETIME  
STRUCTURE

$$\Delta X \gtrsim l_p$$

# II. PROPERTIES OF MATRIX STRINGS

## FROM $\mathcal{N}=8$ QCD<sub>4+1</sub>

PROPOSAL: IIA STRING THEORY IN LIGHT-CONE FRAME  $\Leftrightarrow$  2D,  $\mathcal{N}=8$   $U(N)$  SYM IN THE  $N \rightarrow \infty$  LIMIT.

FREE STRING LIMIT:

$$g_s \rightarrow 0 \quad (\Leftrightarrow g_{YM} \rightarrow \infty)$$

$$S \sim - \int d\tau \oint d\sigma \operatorname{tr} \left( \frac{1}{2g_s^2} \sum_{i < j} [X^i, X^j]^2 - \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{i=1}^8 \psi^\dagger \gamma_i [X^i, \psi] \right)$$

$$[X^i, X^j] = 0, \quad [X^i, \psi] = 0 \quad (\text{COMMUTATIVE SPACETIME}).$$

$$\Rightarrow X^i = U \begin{pmatrix} X^i & & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & & X^i_N \end{pmatrix} U^{-1}, \quad U \in U(N)$$

$\Rightarrow$  GREEN-SCHWARZ SUPERSTRING LIGHT-CONE COORDS.  $(X^i_a, \psi_{L,a}^\alpha, \psi_{R,a}^\alpha)$ ,  $a=1, \dots, N$ .

• FREELY-PROPAGATING STRINGS.



DESCRIBED BY AN ORBIFOLD SUPERCONFORMAL FIELD THEORY:

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$$S_0 = \frac{R_9^2}{2\pi\alpha'} \int dz \oint d\sigma \left( \sum_{a=1}^N \left( \sum_{i=1}^8 (\partial_\mu x_a^i)^2 + \sum_{\alpha=1}^8 i \psi_{L,a}^\alpha \partial_+ \psi_{L,a}^\alpha + \sum_{\dot{\alpha}=1}^8 i \psi_{R,a}^{\dot{\alpha}} \partial_- \psi_{R,a}^{\dot{\alpha}} \right) \right)$$

$\cong N=8$  SUSY  $\sigma$ -MODEL IN THE ORBIFOLD TARGET SPACE  $S^N \mathbb{R}^8 = (\mathbb{R}^8)^N / S_N$ .

PERMUTATION SYMMETRY OF  $N$  IDENTICAL PARTICLES:

$$S_N \subset U(N) \rightarrow U(1)^N.$$

$U(N) \sim U(1) \times SU(N) \Rightarrow U(1)$  FACTOR DESCRIBES

CENTER OF MASS MOTION:

$$x_{CM}^i = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{a=1}^N x_a^i$$

$$P_i^{CM} = \frac{N}{R_{11}} \dot{x}_i^{CM}, \quad P_{11} = \frac{N}{R_{11}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{P_{11}} P_i^{CM} = \dot{x}_i^{CM}.$$

IDENTIFIED AS A FUNDAMENTAL STRING

LIMIT  $N \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow$  FREE 2<sup>nd</sup> QUANTIZED HILBERT SPACE.

"LONG" STRING STATES FROM ORBIFOLD SCFT.

FREE LIGHT-CONE QUANTIZATION OF IIA STRINGS.

### 3 WEAKLY-COUPLED YANG-MILLS THEORY:

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- STRONGLY-COUPLED STRINGS  $g_s \rightarrow \infty$  ( $\Leftrightarrow g_{YM} \rightarrow 0$ ):

$$S_\infty = \frac{R_9^2}{2\pi\alpha'} \int d\tau \oint d\sigma \text{tr} \left( -\frac{1}{2} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + i \psi^\tau \not{\partial} \psi + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^8 (D_\mu X^i)^2 \right)$$

$\Rightarrow$  (PARTLY) ADJOINT QCD<sub>4+1</sub>.

- INTERACTION WITH EXTERNAL COLOUR PROBE:

$$W_c[A] = \frac{\text{tr}_F}{N} P \exp \left( i \oint_c A_\mu(x) dx^\mu \right)$$

- SCREENING RADIUS:  $R_s \sim \frac{1}{g_{YM}^2} = g_s^2 \rightarrow \infty$

$\Rightarrow$  MATRIX STRING THEORY AT  $g_s \rightarrow \infty$  IS ESSENTIALLY CONFINING.

- SAME IS TRUE AT  $g_s \rightarrow 0$ , SO SCHWINGER-DYSON EQN

$\Rightarrow$  MATRIX STRING THEORY IS CONFINING  $\forall g$ .

- PICTURE: HADRONS BUILT FROM CONFINING QCD<sub>4+1</sub>

STRINGS, FORM  $so(8)$  FLAVOUR MULTIPLETS,  $U(N)$

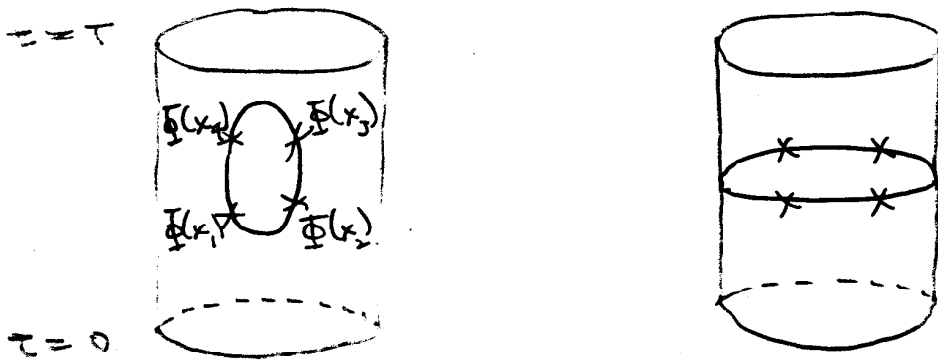
COLOUR SINGLET.

$\theta$ -VACUA:  $\pi_1(\mathbb{R}^1 \times \mathbb{Z}) = \mathbb{Z}$  labels the windings (1) of  $A_1$  around  $S^1$ .

IN ADDITION TO PURE GLUON WINDINGS  $W_C[A]$ , WE ALSO HAVE:

$$W_C^{\{x_1, \dots, x_m\}}[A, \Phi] = \frac{1}{N} \rho \Phi(x_1) \exp\left(i \int_{x_1}^{x_2} A_\mu(x) dx^\mu\right) \times \Phi(x_2) \dots \Phi(x_m) \exp\left(i \int_{x_m}^{x_1} A_\mu(x) dx^\mu\right)$$

$x_1, \dots, x_m \in \mathbb{C}$ ,  $\Phi = \psi$  or  $\chi^i$ .



IF  $A_1$  WINDS  $\sigma \rightarrow 2\pi R_\sigma h$ , THEN

$$W_C[A] \rightarrow e^{2\pi i h / N} W_C[A], \quad \theta_h \equiv e^{2\pi i h / N} \in \mathbb{Z}_N$$

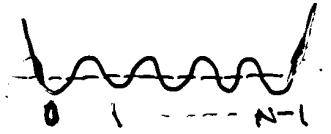
EFFECTIVE GLOBAL GAUGE GROUP  $SU(N)/\mathbb{Z}_N$  HAS

$$\pi_1(SU(N)/\mathbb{Z}_N) = \pi_0(\mathbb{Z}_N) = \mathbb{Z}_N$$

$\Rightarrow \exists N$  INEQUIVALENT VACUUM STATES  $|0\rangle_n$  12  
( $\theta$ -vacua) LABELLED BY  $\theta_n \in \mathbb{Z}_N$

• CONNECTED BY INSTANTON FIELD CONFIGURATIONS

$$W_c[A] \rightarrow \theta_n \cdot W_c[A], \quad n=0, 1, \dots, N-1.$$



### SUMMARY OF SPECTRUM:

- (1) Confining Strings
- (b) Fundamental Strings  $\equiv U(1)$  field in  $u(1) \sim u(1) \times su(3)$   
D-strings  $\equiv su(3)$  field
- (c) Twisted long string states from orbifold CFT  
( $N \rightarrow \infty$  generates Fock space of the D-brane quantum field theory)
- (d) Discretized light-cone quantization  $\Rightarrow$  D-particles, wee-particles, etc. {Antonuccio, Pauli + Tsujimaru}
- (e) Pure gluon + mixed hadronic winding modes  
 $\Rightarrow N$  inequivalent vacua which are connected by topological instantons.

# III. INSTANTON CONFIGURATIONS <sup>13</sup>

## AT LARGE-N

D=9+1, N=1 SUSY

$$\delta_\epsilon A_\mu = -2\epsilon^\top \Gamma_\mu \psi$$

$$\delta_\epsilon \psi = \frac{1}{2} F_{\mu\nu} \Gamma^{\mu\nu} \epsilon$$

$$(\Gamma^{\mu\nu} \equiv \frac{i}{2} [\Gamma^\mu, \Gamma^\nu])$$

D=1+1, N=8 SUSY

$$\delta_\epsilon x^i = -2\epsilon \gamma^i \psi$$

$$\delta_\epsilon \psi = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{8}{g_s} \sum_{i=1}^8 \phi x^i \gamma_i + \gamma_- \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{2g_s} \sum_{i<j} [x^i, x^j] \gamma_{ij} \right) \epsilon + \epsilon$$

$$\delta_\epsilon A_\pm = -2 \left( \epsilon^\alpha (\gamma_i)_{\alpha\dot{\alpha}} \psi_{\dot{\alpha}}^\pm \right. \\ \left. \pm \epsilon^{\dot{\alpha}} (\gamma_i)_{\dot{\alpha}\alpha} \psi_L^\alpha \right)$$

↓  
Generate  $16 \oplus 16$  rep. of super-Galilean group in 11-D light-cone frame.

N=8 SUSY IS MAXIMAL IN  $\mathbb{R}^8$  TARGET SPACE.

$\frac{1}{N}$  - EXPANSION OF THE PARTITION FUNCTION:

$$Z \equiv \int DA DX D\psi \exp \left\{ iN \int dx \int d\sigma \text{tr} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^8 (D_\mu x^i)^2 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + i \psi^\top \not{D} \psi - \frac{1}{2} F_{\mu\nu}^2 + \frac{1}{2g_s^2} \sum_{i<j} [x^i, x^j]^2 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \frac{1}{g_s} \sum_{i=1}^8 \psi^\top \gamma_i [x^i, \psi] \right) \right\}$$

$$= \sum_{k \geq 0} N^{2-k} Z_k \quad \text{for large-N. } \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{It Hooft's} \\ \text{topological} \\ \text{large-N exp.} \end{array} \right\}$$

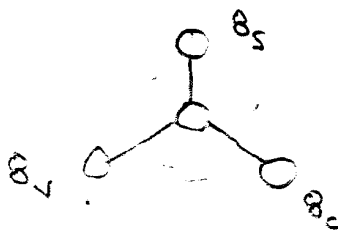
$$Z_0 \equiv \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{N^2} Z = \int \mathcal{D}A e^{iN \int d\tau \oint d\sigma \text{tr} \mathbb{F}_{\tau\sigma}^2} (Z[A])^{1/2} \sqrt{14}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z[A] \equiv & \int \mathcal{D}\phi \mathcal{D}\phi^\dagger \mathcal{D}\chi \mathcal{D}\bar{\chi} \exp \left\{ iN \int d\tau \oint d\sigma \right. \\ & \times \text{tr} \left( \sum_{i=1}^8 (\mathcal{D}_+ \phi_i^\dagger) (\mathcal{D}_- \phi^i) + 2i \bar{\chi} \not\partial \chi \right. \\ & + \frac{1}{g_s^2} \sum_{i < j} [\phi_i^\dagger, \phi_j^\dagger] [\phi^i, \phi_j^\dagger] \\ & \left. \left. - \frac{2}{g_s} \sum_{i=1}^8 (\bar{\chi}^\alpha \gamma_{\alpha\beta}^i [\phi^i, \chi^\beta] + \bar{\chi}^\alpha \gamma_{\alpha\beta}^i [\phi_i^\dagger, \chi^\alpha]) \right) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$\phi^i(\tau, \sigma)$  - an  $N \times N$  COMPLEX MATRIX FIELD, IN ADJ. REP. OF  $U(N)$ ,  $\mathfrak{so}_v \otimes \mathbb{C}$  REP. OF  $SO(8)$

$\chi(\tau, \sigma) = \begin{pmatrix} \chi_L^\alpha(\tau + \sigma) \\ \chi_R^\alpha(\tau - \sigma) \end{pmatrix}$  -  $N \times N$  COMPLEX FERMION MATRIX FIELD, IN ADJ. REP. OF  $U(N)$   
 $\chi_L^\alpha, \chi_R^\alpha$  IN  $\mathfrak{so}_s \otimes \mathbb{C}, \mathfrak{so}_c \otimes \mathbb{C}$  REP. OF  $SO(8)$ .

SO(8) TRIALITY:



$\Rightarrow$  "LABEL" VECTOR AND SPINOR REPS. OF  $SO(8)$  IN THE SAME WAY.

• INTEGRATE OUT FERMIONS:

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$$\mathcal{Z}[A] = \int \mathcal{D}\phi \mathcal{D}\phi^\dagger \text{Det } \Delta^{ab}[\phi, \phi^\dagger] \\ \times \exp \left\{ iN \int d\tau \oint d\sigma \text{tr} \left( \frac{8}{i} \sum_{i=1}^8 (D_+ \phi_i^\dagger)(D_- \phi^i) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{1}{g_s^2} \sum_{i < j} [\phi_i^\dagger, \phi_j^\dagger][\phi^i, \phi_j^i] \right) \right\}$$

$$\Delta^{ab}[\phi, \phi^\dagger] \equiv \begin{pmatrix} D_+^{ab} & \delta_{\alpha\beta} & \frac{i}{g_s} f^{abc} \frac{8}{i} \gamma_{\alpha\alpha}^i \phi_{i,c}^* \\ \frac{i}{g_s} f^{abc} \frac{8}{i} \gamma_{\alpha\alpha}^i \phi_c^i & D_-^{ab} & \delta_{\alpha\beta} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\phi^i \equiv \phi_a^i \tau^a, \quad [\tau^a, \tau^b] = i f^{abc} \tau^c, \quad \text{tr } \tau^a \tau^b = \frac{1}{2} \delta^{ab}$$

• NICOLAÏ MAP:  $\tilde{\zeta}^i = D_+ \phi^i + \frac{1}{2g_s} \gamma_{\alpha\alpha}^i [\phi^{+\alpha}, \phi^{+\alpha}]$

$$\tilde{\zeta}_i^\dagger = D_- \phi_i^\dagger + \frac{1}{2g_s} \gamma_{\alpha\alpha}^i [\phi^\alpha, \phi^\alpha]$$

$$\frac{\delta(\tilde{\zeta}_a, \tilde{\zeta}_a^*)}{\delta(\phi_b, \phi_b^*)} = \Delta^{ab}$$

• USE U(N) JACOBI IDENTITY,  $so(8)$  FIERZ IDENTITY, AND SYMMETRY PROPERTIES OF  $spin(8)$   $\gamma$ -MATRICES:

$$\mathcal{Z}[A] = \int \mathcal{D}\tilde{\zeta} \mathcal{D}\tilde{\zeta}^\dagger \text{Det } \Delta^{ab} \cdot |\text{Det } \Delta^{ab}|^{-1} \\ \times \exp \left\{ iN \int d\tau \oint d\sigma \text{tr} \frac{8}{i} \sum_{i=1}^8 \tilde{\zeta}_i^\dagger \tilde{\zeta}^i \right\}$$

• ZEROS OF  $\xi^i, \xi_i^+$   $\Rightarrow$  INSTANTON, ANTI-INSTANTON-16  
ON EQUATIONS:

$$D_+ \phi_{(\mathbb{I})}^i + \frac{1}{g_s} \frac{\delta}{\delta \phi_{(\mathbb{I})}^i} F[\phi_{(\mathbb{I})}, \phi_{(\mathbb{I})}^+] = 0$$

$$D_- \phi_{(\mathbb{I}),i}^+ + \frac{1}{g_s} \frac{\delta}{\delta \phi_{(\mathbb{I}),i}^+} F[\phi_{(\mathbb{I})}, \phi_{(\mathbb{I})}^+] = 0$$

$$F[\phi, \phi^+] = \int d\tau \oint d\sigma \sum_{i=1}^8 \gamma_{\alpha i}^i \text{tr} \phi^i [\phi^{+\alpha}, \phi^{+\alpha}]$$

$\equiv$  PRE-POTENTIAL FOR THE  $\mathcal{N}=8$   
SUSY MODEL.

• EVALUATE  $\mathcal{Z}[A]$  ABOUT  $\xi^i = \xi_i^+ = 0$ :

$$\mathcal{Z}[A] = \int_{\mathcal{M}_{\mathbb{I}}} \text{sgn Det } \Delta[\phi_{(\mathbb{I})}, \phi_{(\mathbb{I})}^+]$$

$$= \int_{\mathcal{M}_{\mathbb{I}}} \exp \left\{ \frac{\pi i}{2} \left[ \zeta(\Delta[\phi_{(\mathbb{I})}, \phi_{(\mathbb{I})}^+]) - \eta(\Delta[\phi_{(\mathbb{I})}, \phi_{(\mathbb{I})}^+]) \right] \right\}$$

$\mathcal{M}_{\mathbb{I}}$  = INSTANTON MODULI SPACE

$$\zeta(\Delta) \equiv \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\Gamma(s)} \int_0^\infty dt t^{s-1} \text{tr} e^{-t|\Delta|}$$

$\equiv$  total # of eigenvalues of  $\Delta$

$$\eta(\Delta) \equiv \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\frac{s+1}{2})} \int_0^\infty dt t^{(s-1)/2} \text{tr} \Delta e^{-t\Delta^2}$$

$\equiv$  (# of  $> 0$  eigenvalue of  $\Delta$ )  
- (# of  $< 0$  eigenvalues of  $\Delta$ )



$$Z_0 = \int_{\mathcal{M}_I} DA \exp \left\{ iN \int d\sigma \left( \dot{\phi}^2 + \text{tr} F_{\mu\nu}^2 - \frac{\pi}{4} [\zeta(\Delta) - \eta(\Delta)] \right) \right\}$$

• NOTE: FOR STRONGLY-COUPLED STRINGS,  
 $g_s \rightarrow \infty$  ( $\Leftrightarrow g_{YM} \rightarrow 0$ )

$$\Rightarrow D_+ \phi_{(I)} = D_- \phi_{(I)}^\dagger = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi_{(I)} \sim W_c[A], \quad \zeta(A) = F_{01}$$

$Z_0$  describes moduli space of flat gauge connections at  $g_s \rightarrow \infty$ .

• FOR GENERIC  $g_s$ , GET MODIFICATION OF GROSS-TAYLOR  $\frac{1}{N}$  STRING EXPANSION OF ORDINARY 2D YANG-MILLS THEORY.

