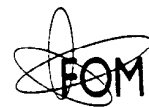


Rotational invariance in light-front perturbation theory

Lutsen, MN, 13 August 1997

Nico Schoonderwoerd & Ben Bakker
Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam

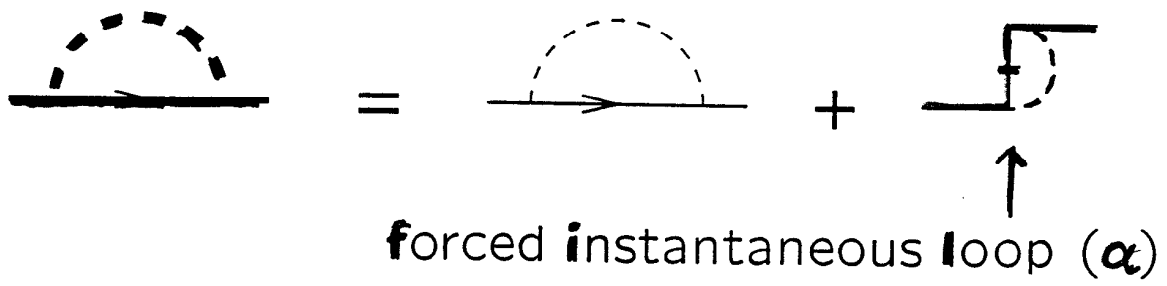
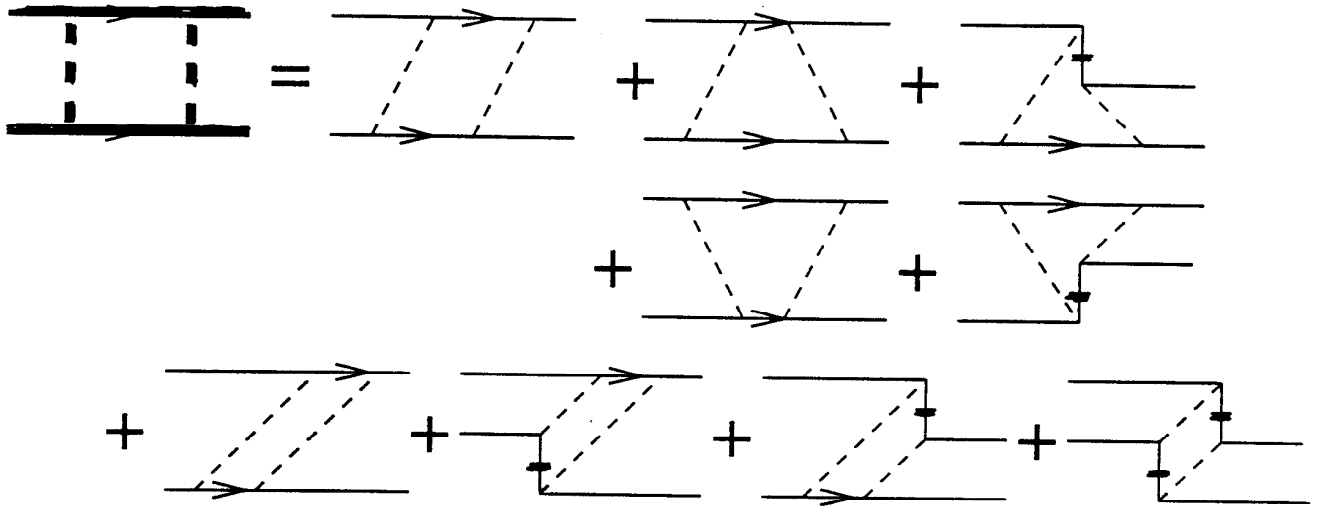
- Introduction
- Part I: LF diagrams & ^{hep-ph/9702311} **Covariance**
 - $\int dk^- \rightarrow$ LF time-ordered diagrams
 - Longitudinal divergences \rightarrow **FILs**
 - $D=2$ fermion self energy paradox
 - **Minus** regularization
 - Recipe for a **Covariant** LFPT
- Part II: LF bound state & ^{unpublished} **Covariance**
 - Choice of effective potential
 - OBEP: error \propto the stretched box
 - Numerical examples
- Conclusions



Part I

k^- -integration \rightarrow LF time-ordered diagrams


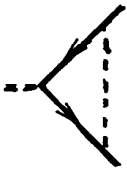

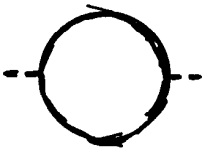
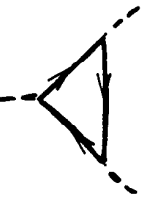

fermion \longrightarrow	every fermion \Rightarrow instantaneous fermion \dashv
boson -----	spectrum condition \Rightarrow no vacuum creation/ annihilation contributions



Longitudinal divergences in Yukawa model

$$D^- = 1 - \#\text{bosons}$$

For scalar coupling reduced to D_Y^- .

	$D_Y^- = \bullet$	$D_Y^- = -1$	$D_Y^- = -1$
$\#b = 1$			
	$D_Y^- = \bullet$	$D_Y^- = -1$	$D_Y^- = -1$
$\#b = 0$			

⇒ The $D=2$ fermion self energy (FSE) paradox



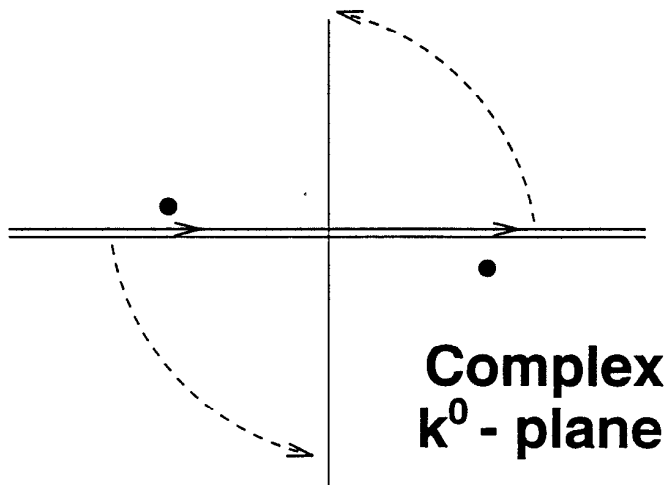
FSE paradox: Covariant calculation

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{dashed arc} \\ \text{solid line} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} q-k \\ k \end{array} = \int_{\mathbf{M}} d^2k \frac{\not{k} + m}{(k^2 - m^2)((q - k)^2 - \mu^2)}$$

Introduce Feynman parameter

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{dashed arc} \\ \text{solid line} \end{array} = \int_0^1 dx \int_{\mathbf{M}} d^2k' \frac{\not{k}' + x\not{q} + m}{(k'^2 + C^2)^2}$$

Remove odd term \not{k}' and Wick rotate



$$\begin{array}{c} \text{dashed arc} \\ \text{solid line} \end{array} = \pi \int_0^1 dx \frac{x\not{q} + m}{C^2} \text{ is finite}$$



FSE paradox: Residue calculation

$$\text{Diagram} = \int \frac{dk^+ dk^-}{4k^+(q^+ - k^+)} \frac{k^- \gamma^+ + k^+ \gamma^- + m}{(k^- - H_1^-)(k^- - H_2^-)}$$

Splitting the covariant diagram

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Diagram} &= \int \frac{dk^+ dk^-}{4k^+(q^+ - k^+)} \frac{H_1^- \gamma^+ + k^+ \gamma^- + m}{(k^- - H_1^-)(k^- - H_2^-)} \\ &+ \int \frac{dk^+ dk^-}{4k^+(q^+ - k^+)} \frac{\gamma^+ (k^- - H_1^-)}{\cancel{(k^- - H_1^-)}(k^- - H_2^-)} \end{aligned}$$

Propagating diagram

$$\text{Diagram} = 2\pi i \int_0^{q^+} \frac{dk^+}{4k^+(q^+ - k^+)} \frac{\frac{m^2}{2k^+} \gamma^+ + k^+ \gamma^- + m}{H_2^- - H_1^-}$$

Forced instantaneous loop (**FIL**)

$$\text{Diagram} = \int \frac{dk^+ dk^-}{4k^+(q^+ - k^+)} \frac{\gamma^+}{k^- - H_2^-} \frac{\alpha(k^+)}{1 - i\delta q^+ k^-} \text{FOM}$$

Minus regularization

$$\left(\int dq^-\right)^n \int d^2k^\perp dk^+ \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial q^-}\right)^n F(q^-, k)$$

\uparrow
 external
 LF energy

Minus regularization	BPHZ
N.E. Ligterink	Bogoliubov Parasiuk Hepp Zimmerman
LF time-ordered and covariant diagrams	Covariant diagrams
Subtracts the lowest orders in q^- in the Taylor expansion	Subtracts the lowest orders in q^2 in the Taylor expansion
Instantaneous CT. Nonlocal CT cancel against FILs	CT are local



Minus regularization of the FSE:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Diagram 1} = \text{Diagram 2} + \text{Diagram 3} \\
 \frac{\delta m}{\times} \quad \frac{\delta h}{\times} = \frac{\delta m}{\times} + \frac{\delta h}{\times} + \frac{\delta i}{\times} + \frac{-\delta i}{\times} \\
 \hline
 \text{Diagram 4} = \text{Diagram 5}
 \end{array}$$

The diagrams represent Feynman diagrams for fermion self-energy (FSE). Diagram 1 is a fermion line with a dashed loop. Diagram 2 is a fermion line with a dashed loop and a vertical line through the center. Diagram 3 is a fermion line with a dashed loop and a vertical line through the center, with a small square on the right. Diagram 4 is a fermion line with a dashed loop and a label 'r'. Diagram 5 is a fermion line with a dashed loop and a vertical line through the center, with a label 'r'.

δm : mass renormalization

δh : wave function renormalization

δi : **non**covariant CT (instantaneous)

covariance \Rightarrow cancelation against **FIL**

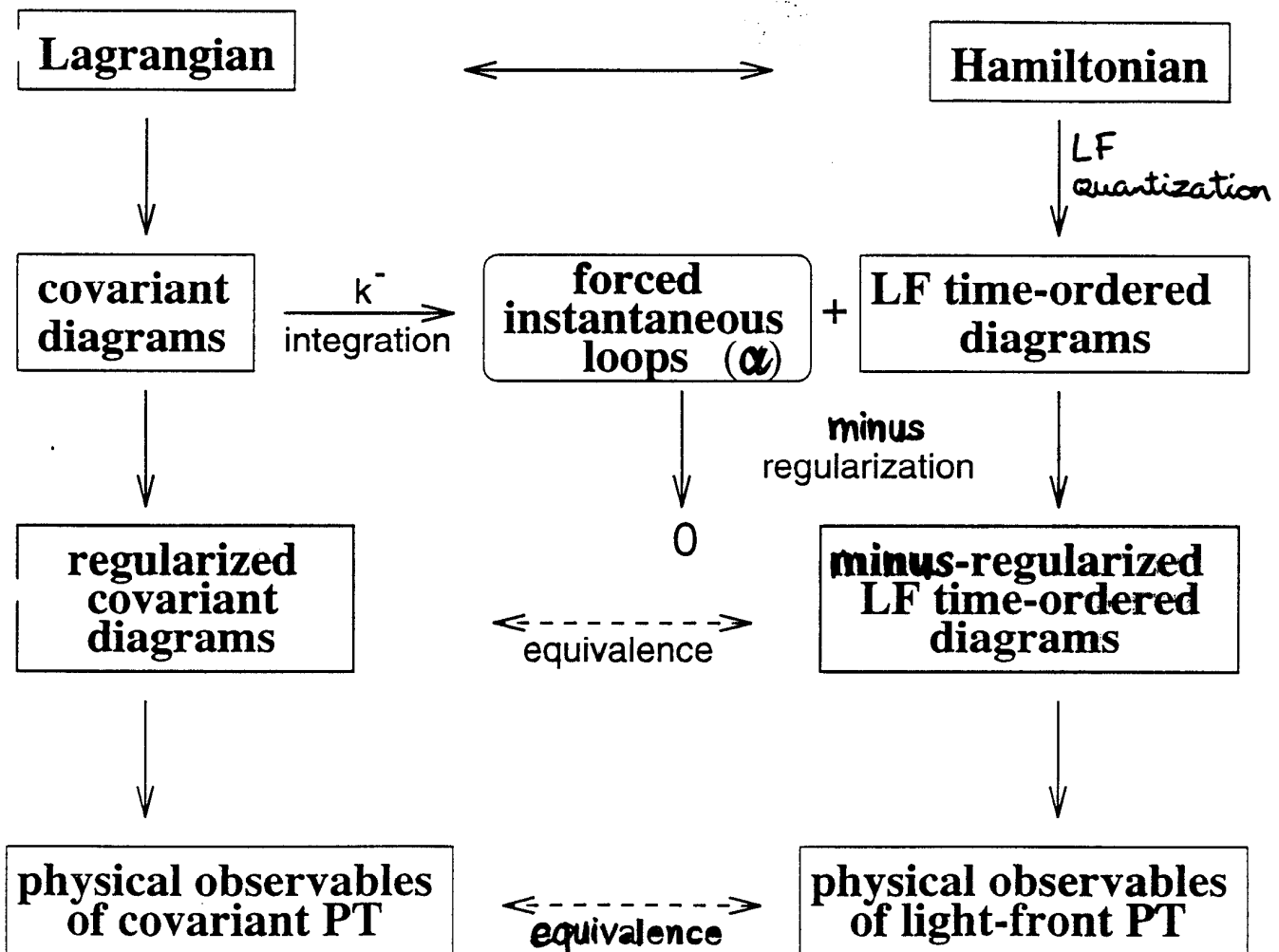
(Upon request I can give calculation)



Recipe for a covariant light-front PT

Ingredients for LF time-ordered diagrams:

- k^- -integration
- **Minus** regularization



Enjoy a delicious, covariant and renormalized light-front PT!

Part II
LF bound state & covariance

Hamiltonian:

$$H = H_0 + V$$

with:

$$H_0 = \frac{p_a^\perp{}^2 + m^2}{2p_a^+} + \frac{p_b^\perp{}^2 + m^2}{2p_b^+}$$

Lippmann-Schwinger solution:

$$|\phi\rangle = |\phi_0\rangle + \left(\frac{1}{E - H_0} V \right) |\phi\rangle$$

What do we take for effective potential V ?



Choice of effective potential

$$V = V_1 + \mathbf{V}_2 + \dots$$

$$V_1 = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} / \\ \backslash \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ / \end{array}$$

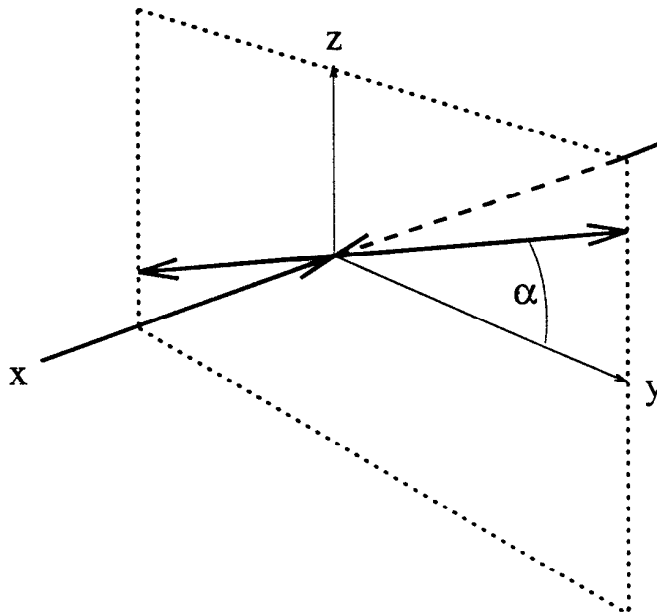
$$\mathbf{V}_2 = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} // \\ \backslash \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ // \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} / \\ \backslash \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ / \end{array} \\ + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} // \\ \backslash \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ // \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} / \\ // \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ \backslash \end{array} \\ + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} // \\ // \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ / \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} / \\ / \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ \backslash \end{array} \\ + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} / \\ \backslash \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ / \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} // \\ / \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ // \end{array} \\ + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} / \\ // \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ \backslash \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} // \\ // \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} / \\ / \end{array} \\ + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} // \\ \backslash \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \backslash \\ // \end{array} + \text{higher orders in } g \end{array}$$

Estimate **error** at g^4 : The box

$$\mathcal{R}^\diamond = \frac{\text{[Diagram of two trapezoidal shapes with dashed lines]} + \text{[Diagram of two trapezoidal shapes with dashed lines]}}{\text{[Diagram of a rectangular box with dashed lines]}}$$

We calculate \mathcal{R}^\diamond in CM for process:



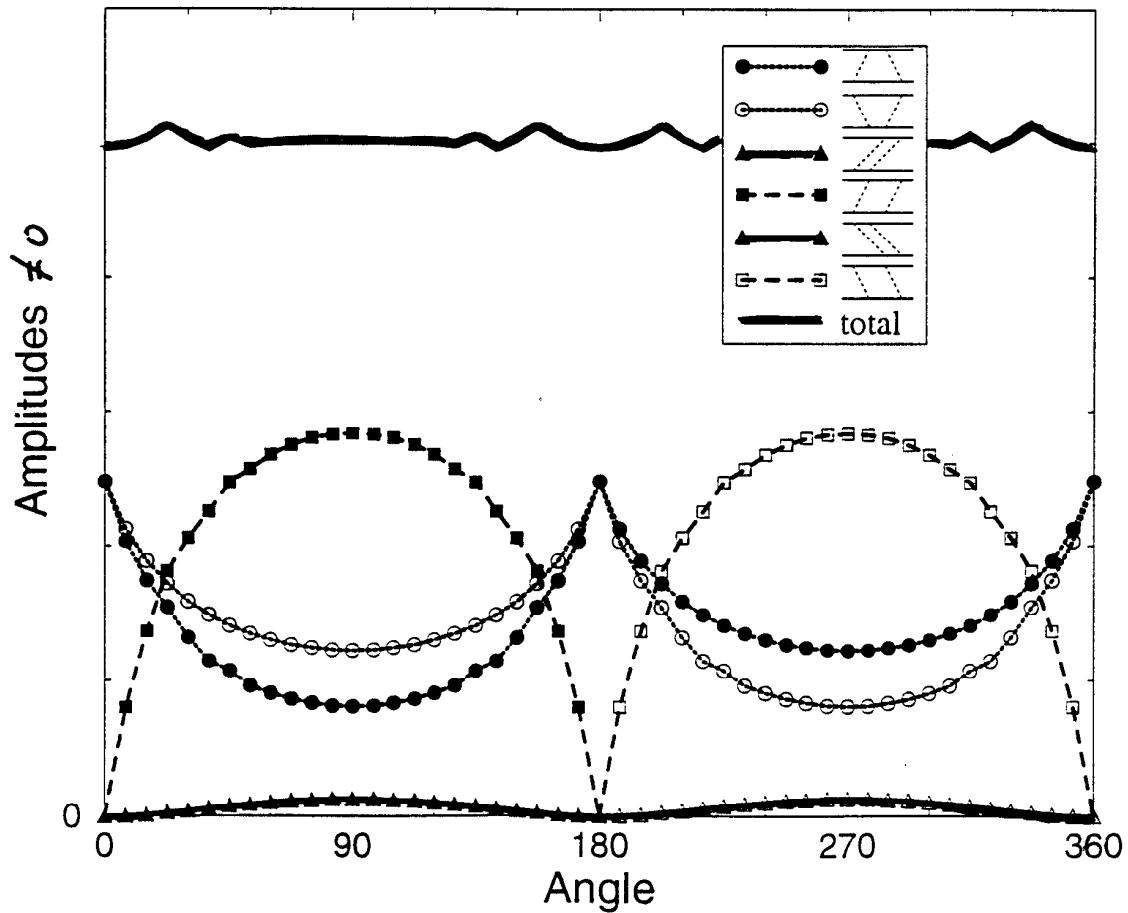
On-shell ext. particles \Rightarrow rotational invariance
Parameters: $\alpha, \mu/m$



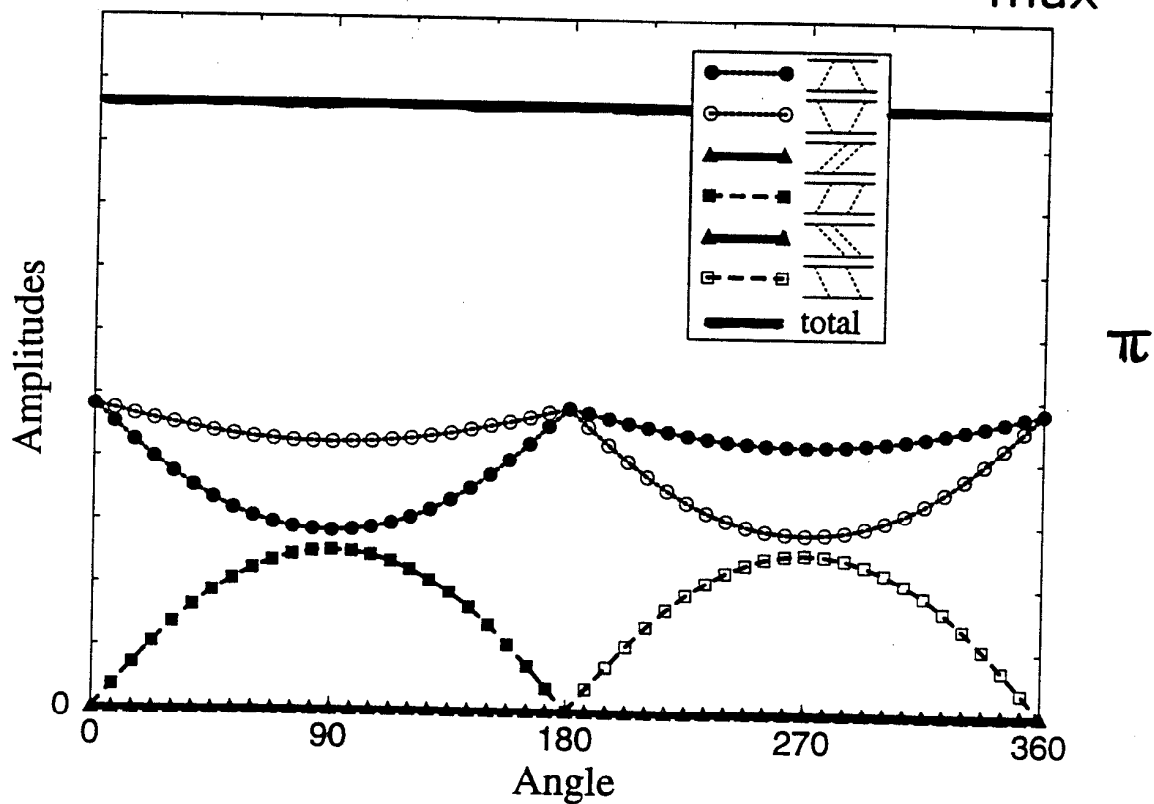
Wick-Cutkosky,

$$|\vec{p}|=40, \mu=1, \mathcal{R}_{\max}^{\diamond}=2.5 \%$$

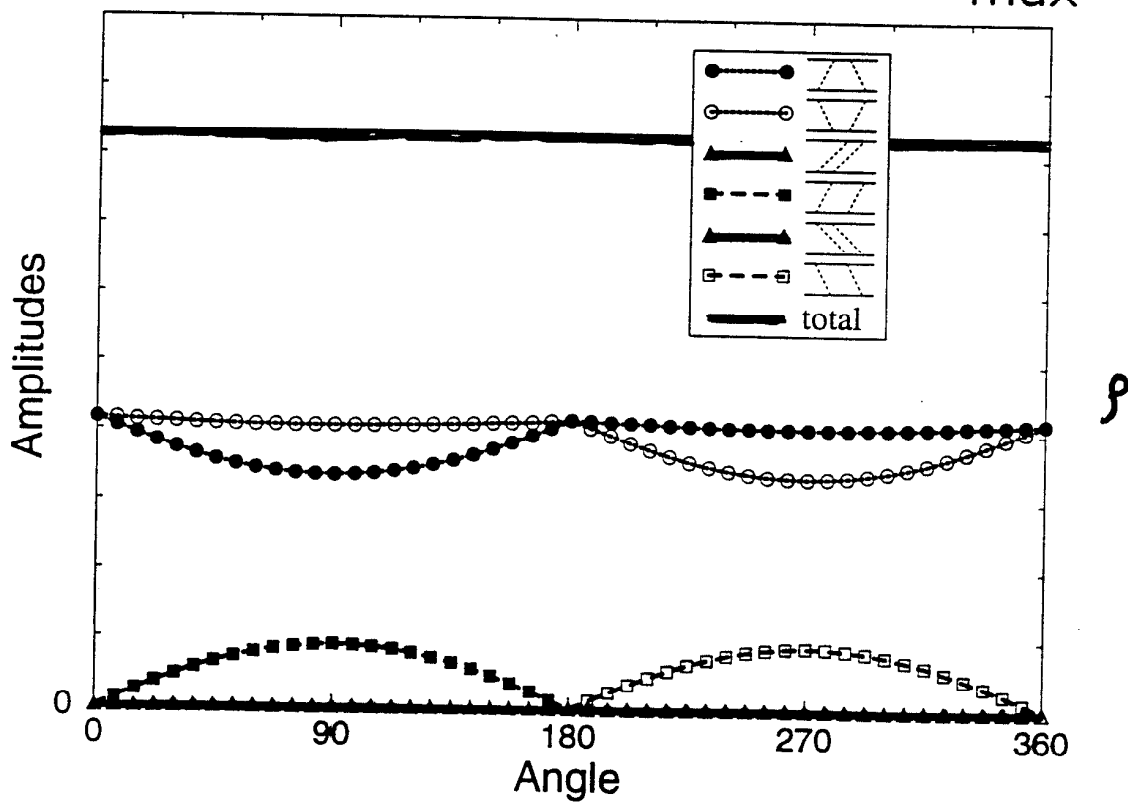
$$m=940$$



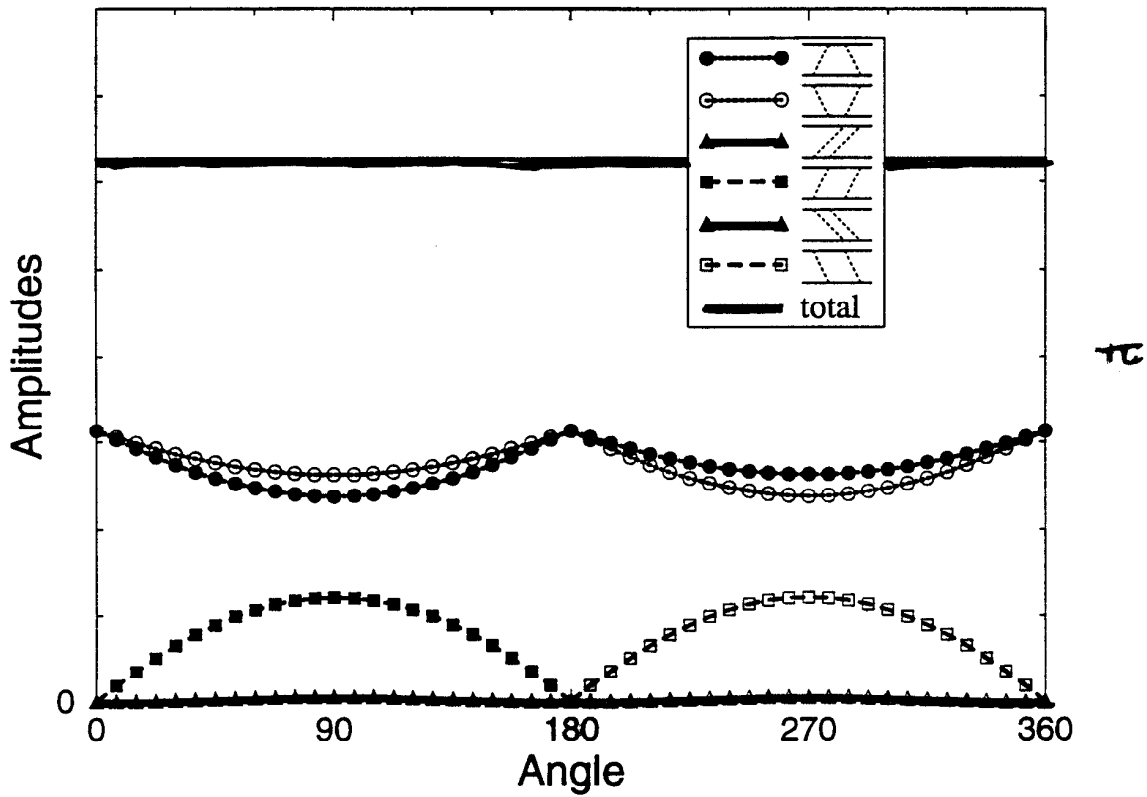
"Deuteron," $|\vec{p}|=40$, $\mu=140$, $\mathcal{R}_{\max}^{\diamond}=0.12\%$



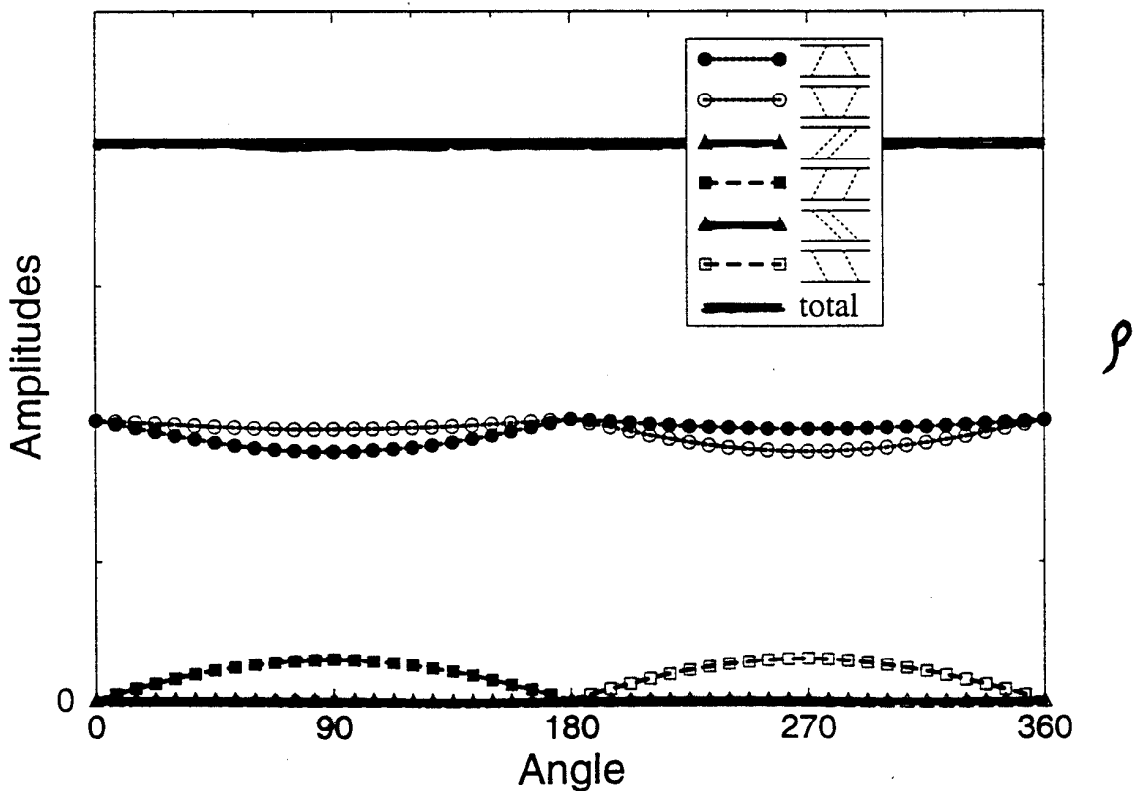
"Deuteron," $|\vec{p}|=40$, $\mu=763$, $\mathcal{R}_{\max}^{\diamond}=0.017\%$



$$E = -100, |\vec{p}| = 40, \mu = 140, \mathcal{R}_{\max}^{\diamond} = 0.88 \%$$



$$E = -100, |\vec{p}| = 40, \mu = 763, \mathcal{R}_{\max}^{\diamond} = 0.038 \%$$



Conclusions

I

- Recipe for **COVARIANT** LFPT includes k^- -integration and **MINUS** regularization.

- The rise and fall of the **FORCED INSTANTANEOUS** Loops.

- Truncating Fock space \Rightarrow error $\propto R^\diamond$.

- One-boson exchange as effective potential $\Rightarrow R^\diamond \propto$ stretched box.

(preliminary results)

- Below threshold R^\diamond typically 0.02–2.5%.

