

# Exotic hadrons in the hybrid model of hadronic molecules and compact states

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in collaboration with

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Atsushi Hosaka (RCNP, Osaka Univ.), Elena Santopinto (INFN Genoa),

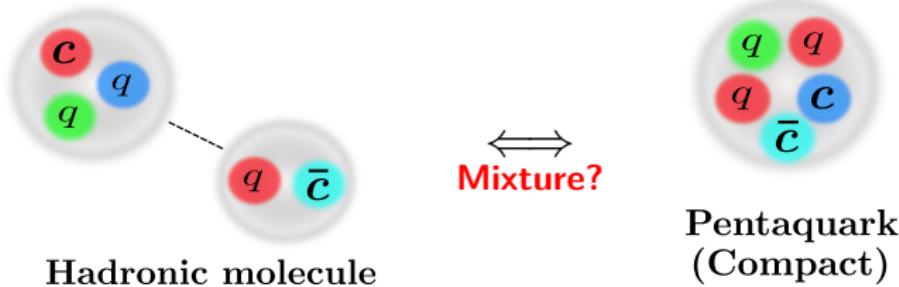
Sachiko Takeuchi (Japan Coll. Social Work), Makoto Takizawa (Showa Pharmaceutical Univ.),

Exotics and Exotic Phenomena in Heavy Ion Collisions (ExHIC), APCTP,  
South Korea

29 Sep - 1 Oct , 2022

# Today's talk

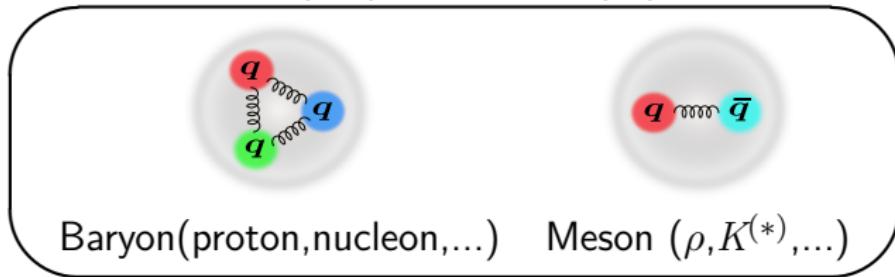
## Exotic hadrons as hadronic molecule + compact state



1. **Introduction**  
Exotic hadron, Our mixture model
2. **Numerical results:**  $P_c$  ( $qqqc\bar{c}$ ) pentaquark
3. **Numerical results:**  $P_{cs}$  ( $qqsc\bar{c}$ ) pentaquark
4. **Summary**

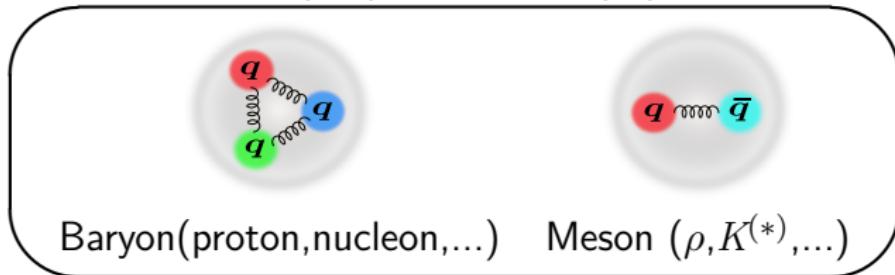
## Hadron structure: Constituent quark model

- ▶ Hadron = Quark composite system
- ▶ Ordinary Hadrons: Baryon ( $qqq$ ) and Meson ( $q\bar{q}$ )

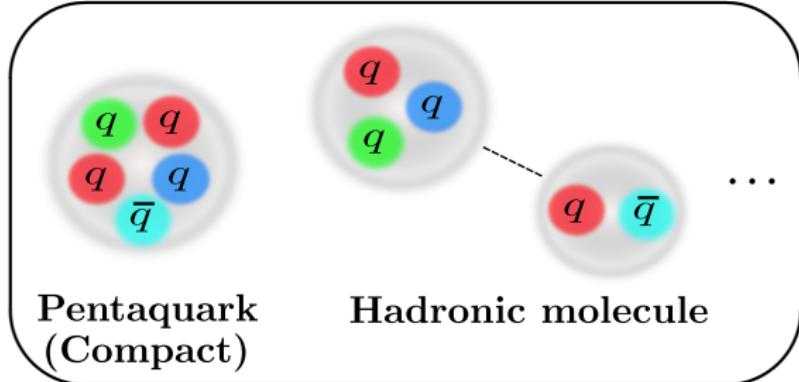


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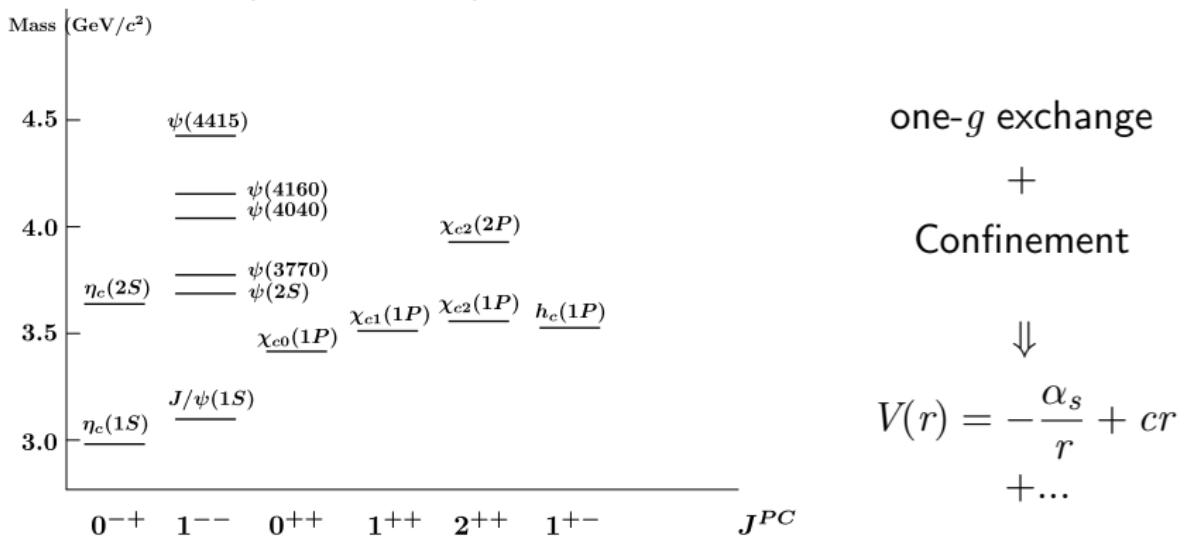


- ▶ Exotic Hadrons ( $\neq qqq, q\bar{q}$ ): **Multiquark? Multihadron?**



# Observations of **exotic hadrons** ( $\neq q\bar{q}$ , $qqq$ ) containing $c\bar{c}$

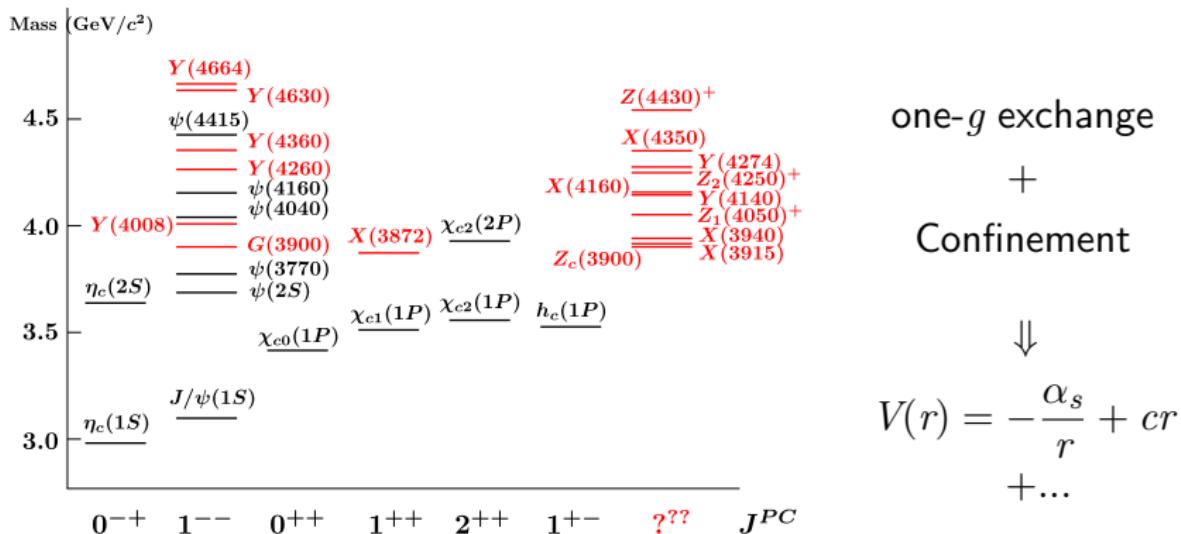
- e.g.  $c\bar{c}$  mesons (Charmonium) sector



N. Brambilla,*et al.* Eur.Phys.J.C **71**(2011)1534, S. Godfrey and N. Isgur, PRD**32**(1985)189

# Observations of **exotic hadrons** ( $\neq q\bar{q}, qqq$ ) containing $c\bar{c}$

- e.g.  $c\bar{c}$  mesons (Charmonium) sector and **Unexpected  $X, Y, Z$**



N. Brambilla, et al. Eur.Phys.J.C **71**(2011)1534, S. Godfrey and N. Isgur, PRD**32**(1985)189

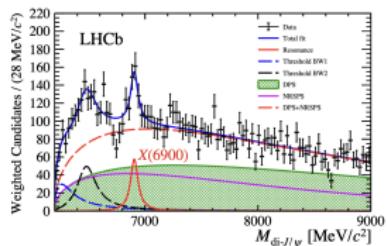
- Exotics  $\neq c\bar{c}$  have been observed in the Experiments (BaBar, Belle, BESIII, LHCb,...) since the discovery of  **$X(3872)$  in 2003!**

**Q. What is their exotic structure? How do they form such structure?**

# Recent reports of Exotic hadrons!

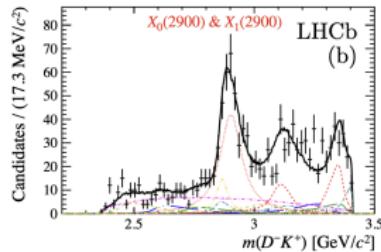
## ▷ $X(6900)$ ( $cc\bar{c}\bar{c}?$ )

LHCb, Science Bulletin 65 (2020) 1983



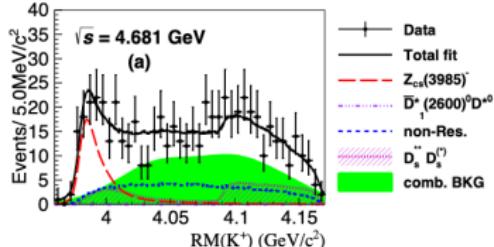
## ▷ $X_{0,1}(2900)$ ( $\bar{c}sud?$ )

LHCb, PRL125, 242001 (2020), PRD102, 112003 (2020)



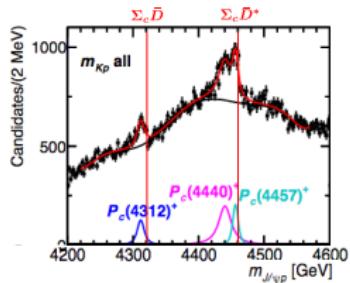
## ▷ $Z_{cs}$ ( $c\bar{c}s\bar{u}?$ )

BESIII PRL126, 102001 (2021)



## ▷ $P_c$ ( $uudc\bar{c}?$ )

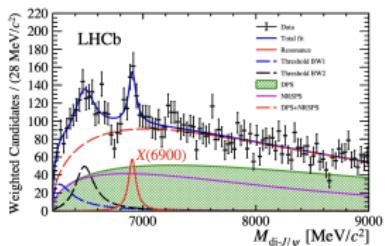
LHCb PRL115(2015)072001, PRL122(2019)222001



# Recent reports of Exotic hadrons!

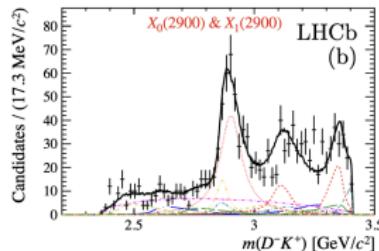
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LHCb, Science Bulletin 65 (2020) 1983



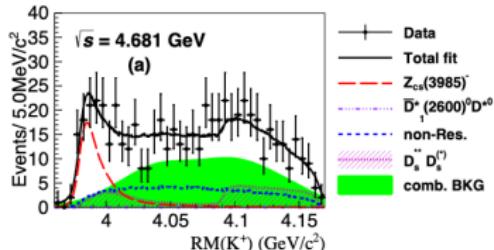
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LHCb, PRL125, 242001 (2020), PRD102, 112003 (2020)



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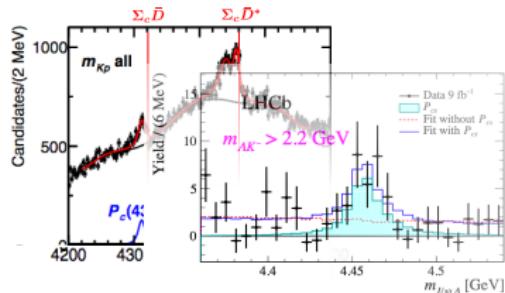
BESIII PRL126, 102001 (2021)



## ▷ $P_c$ ( $uudcc\bar{c}?$ ), $P_{cs}$ ( $udsc\bar{c}?$ )

LHCb PRL115(2015)072001, PRL122(2019)222001

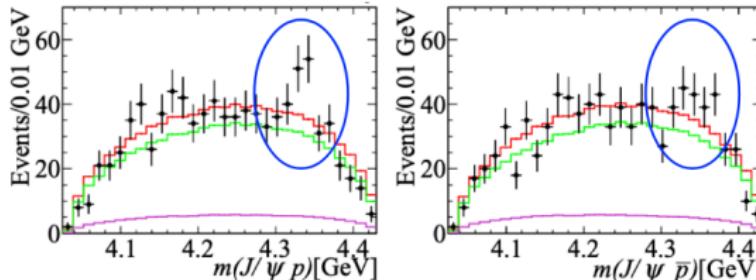
Sci.Bull.66(2021)1278



# Very recent reports of Exotic hadrons!

- New  $P_c(4337)^+$  state in  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p\bar{p}$

LHCb, PRL **128**(2022)062001



from Liupan An's talk (HADRON2021)

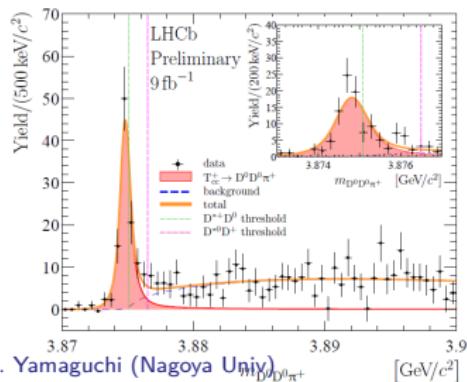
$$M = 4337^{+7+2}_{-4-2} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 29^{+26+14}_{-12-14} \text{ MeV}$$

The best  $J^P$  hypothesis  $\Rightarrow 1/2^+$

- Doubly charmed tetraquark  $T_{cc}^+(cc\bar{u}\bar{d})$

LHCb, Nature Phys. **18** (2022) 751-754, Nature Commun. **13** (2022) 3351



Y. Yamaguchi (Nagoya Univ.)

$$\delta m_{BW} = -273 \pm 61 \text{ keV below } D^*+D^0$$

$$\Gamma_{BW} = 410 \pm 165 \text{ keV}$$

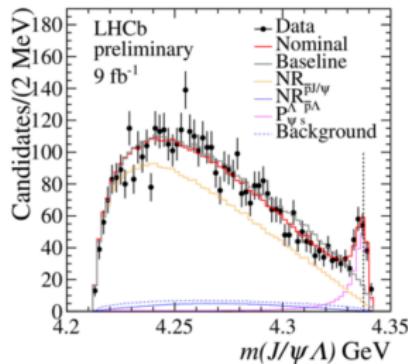
$$\text{Isoscaler } J^P = 1^+$$

ExHIC (29 Sep 2022)

# Very very recent reports of Exotic hadrons with **Strangeness!**

<https://lhcb-outreach.web.cern.ch/2022/07/05/observation-of-a-strange-pentaquark-a-doubly-charged-tetraquark-and-its-neutral-partner/>

- New  $P_{cs}(4338)^0$  ( $P_{\psi s}^\Lambda$ ) state ( $udsc\bar{c}$ ) in  $B^- \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda p$  (**LHCb**)

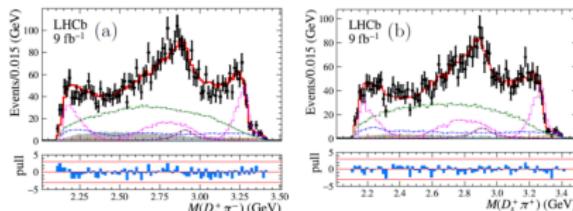


$$M = 4338.2 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 7.0 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.3 \text{ MeV}$$

The preferred quantum numbers are  $J^P = 1/2^-$ .

- New tetraquarks  $T_{cs}(2900)^{++}$  and  $T_{cs}(2900)^0$  ( $c\bar{s}q\bar{q}$ ) in  $B \rightarrow D D_s \pi$  (**LHCb**)



$$M = 2.908 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.02 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 0.136 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.011 \text{ GeV}$$

The quantum numbers are  $J^P = 0^+$ .

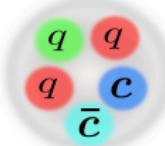
# Candidates of Exotic structures?

Compact multiquarks



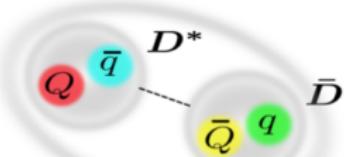
Tetraquark

$Q\bar{Q}g$  Hybrid

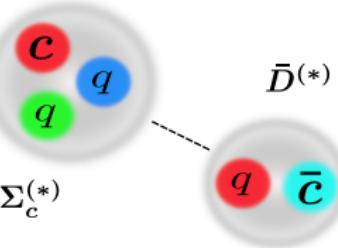


Hadronic molecules

Near thresholds?



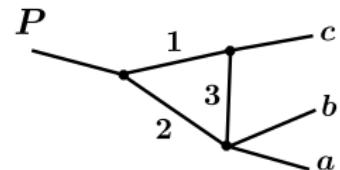
Meson-Meson



Meson-Baryon

Triangle Singularity

Near thresholds?

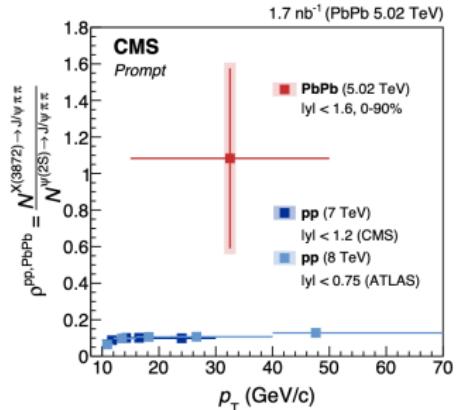
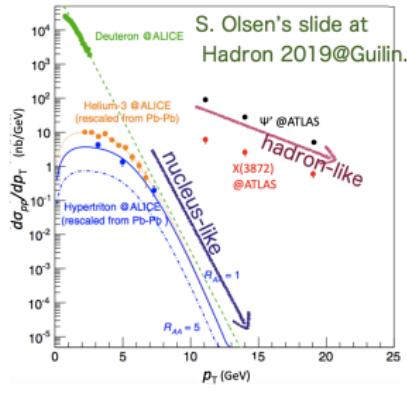


(w/o Resonance)

# $X(3872)$ structure in high energy collisions

$X(3872)$ :  $D\bar{D}^*$  molecule? Compact tetraquark?

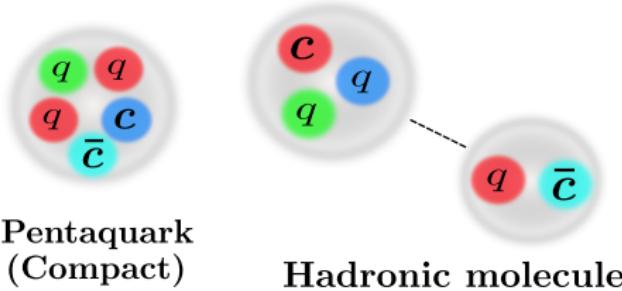
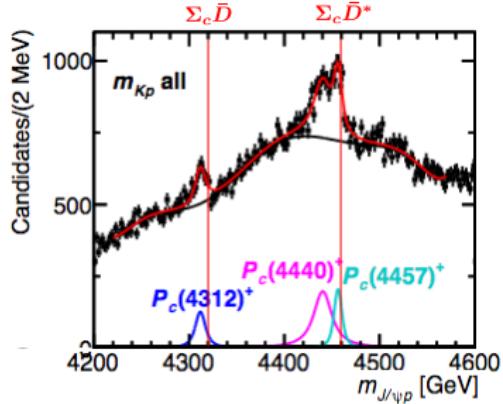
A. M. Sirunyan et al. [CMS], PRL128 (2022) 032001



- ▶ In  $p p$  collision,  $(d\sigma / dp)_{X(3872)}$  is similar to that of  $\psi(2S)$  rather than that of nuclei (a hadron composite) ?
- ↔ Existence of the compact component? J.Phys.G 47 (2020) 5, 053001,
- ▶ CMS data being consistence with ExHIC analysis (molecule) ?  
ExHIC, PRL106(2011)212001, PRC84(2011)064910, PPNP95(2017)279-322

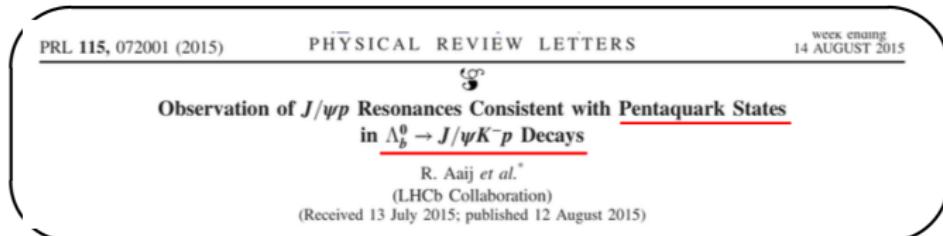
**Studying the exotic structures in the high energy collision!**

# $P_c$ pentaquarks



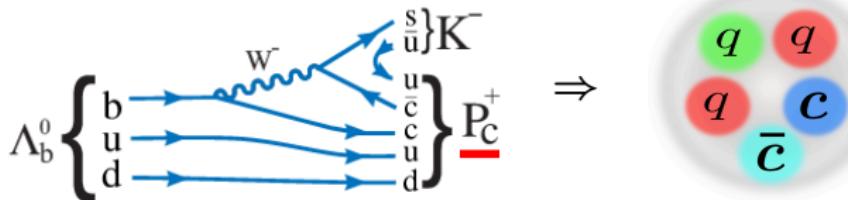
# Observation of two $P_c$ pentaquarks in LHCb (2015)

- Observation of the Hidden-charm Pentaquark ( $c\bar{c}uud$ )  
in  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^- p$  Decay? R.Aaij, et al. (LHCb collaboration) PRL115(2015)072001



$P_c$  in  $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p K^-$  decay

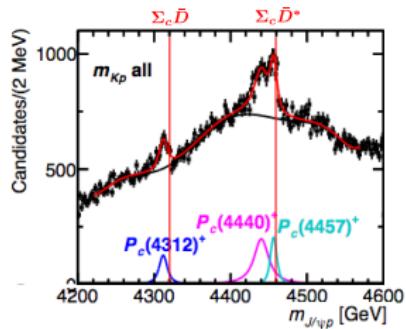
$c\bar{c}uud$  state ?



$$P_c(4380): \quad M = 4380 \text{ MeV} \quad P_c(4450): \quad M = 4449.8 \text{ MeV}$$
$$\Gamma = 205 \text{ MeV} \quad \Gamma = 39 \text{ MeV}$$

# New LHCb analysis in 2019!

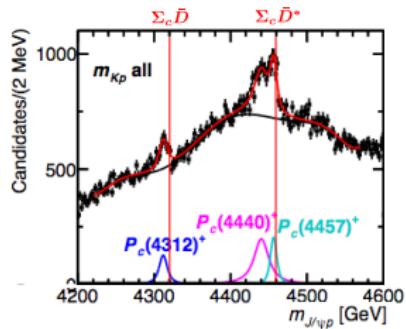
- R. Aaij, et al. Phys.Rev.Lett. 122 (2019) 222001



- $P_c(4450)$  in 2015  $\rightarrow P_c(4440)$  and  $P_c(4457)$ 
  - $P_c(4440)$ :  $(M, \Gamma) = (4440.3, 20.6)$  MeV
  - $P_c(4457)$ :  $(M, \Gamma) = (4457.3, 6.4)$  MeV
- Observation of **New state!**
  - $P_c(4312)$ :  $(M, \Gamma) = (4311.9, 9.8)$  MeV
- $P_c(4380)$  in 2015? “these fits can neither confirm nor contradict the existence of the  $P_c(4380)^+$ ”

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- R. Aaij, et al. Phys.Rev.Lett. 122 (2019) 222001



- $P_c(4450)$  in 2015  $\rightarrow P_c(4440)$  and  $P_c(4457)$

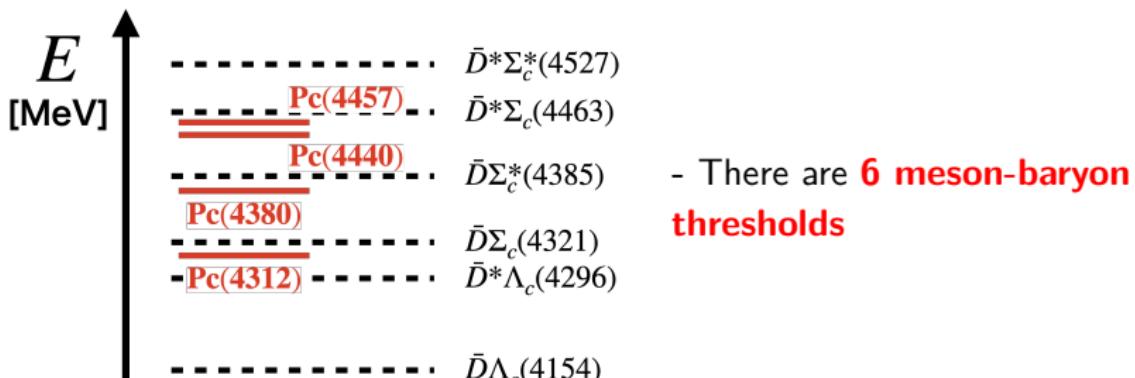
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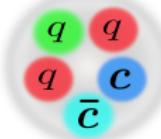
# What is the structure of the pentaquarks?

## Proposals of various structures!

H.X.Chen, et al., Phys.Rept.**639**(2016)1, A.Esposito, et al.,Phys.Rept.**668**(2016)1, A.Ali,et al.,PPNP**97**(2017)123

### ► Compact pentaquark ( $c\bar{c}qqq$ )?

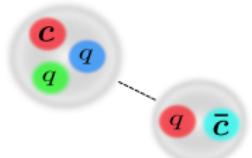
S.G.Yuan, et al. (2012), L.Maiani, et al. (2015), S.Takeuchi, et al, (2017),  
J. Wu, et al. (2017), E. Hiyama, et al. (2018), ...



Pentaquark  
(Compact)

### ► Hadronic molecule ( $\bar{D}\Sigma_c^*$ , $\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c$ ,...)?

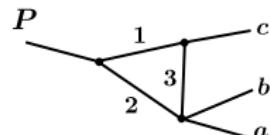
J.-J.Wu et al., (2010) (2011), C. Garcia-Recio, et al. (2013),  
R. Chen, et al. (2015), Y.Shimizu, et al. (2016-2019),  
C. W. Xiao, et al. (2019), M.-Z. Liu, et al. (2019), M. L. Du, et al. (2019),  
...



Hadronic molecule

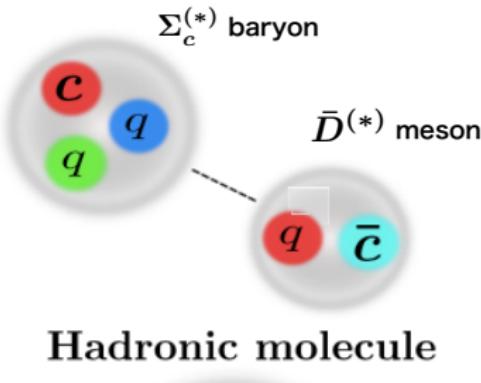
### ► Triangle singularity? (Non-resonant explanation)

F.K.Guo, et al. (2015), X.H.Liu, et al. (2016),  
S.X.Nakamura PRD103, L111503 (2021), ...



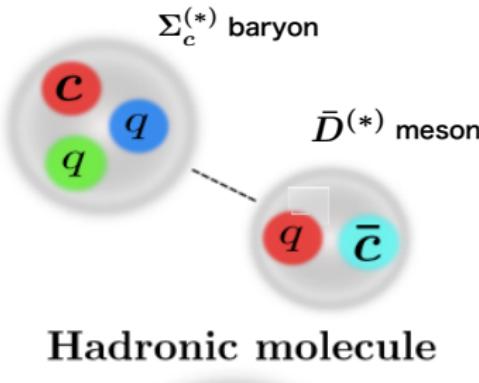
# Hadronic molecules?

- ▶ Exotics as Hadronic molecule  $\Rightarrow$  Hadron (quasi) bound state
- expected **near the thresholds**

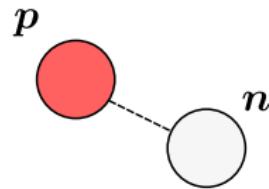


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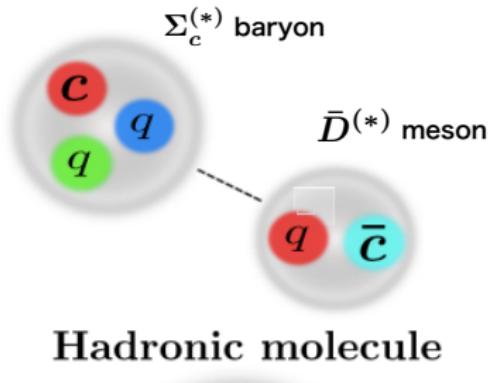
Analogous to Deuteron



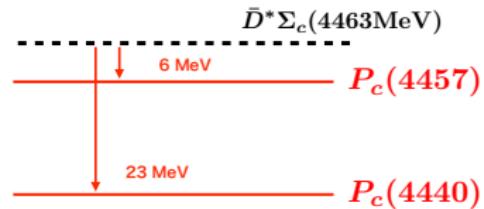
$B = 2.2 \text{ MeV}$

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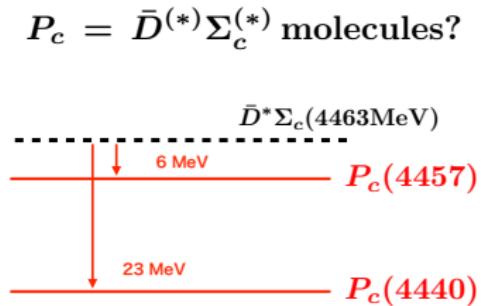
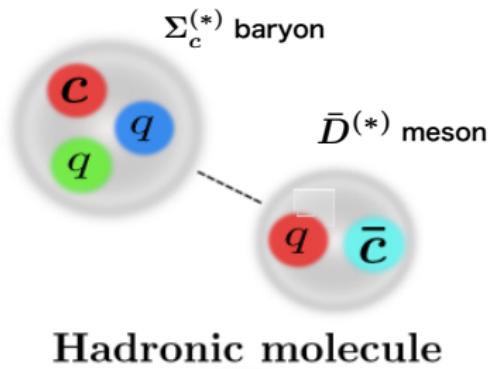


$P_c = \bar{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)}$  molecules?



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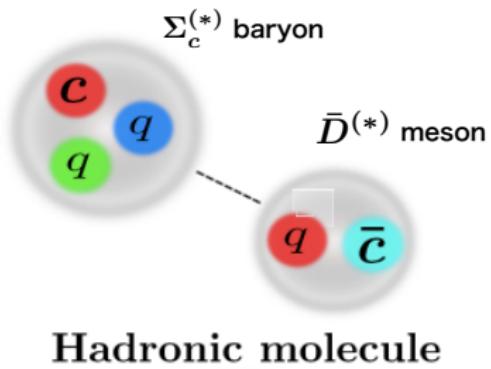


- ▶ Exotic hadrons near thresholds

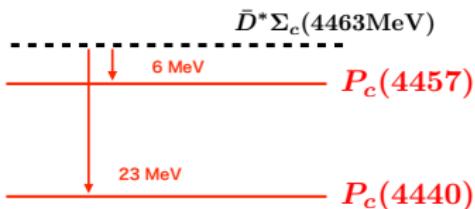
- ▶  $D\bar{D}^*$ :  $X(3872)$ ,  $Z_c(3900)$ , ...,  $DD^*$ :  $T_{cc}$
- ▶  $B\bar{B}^*$ :  $Z_b$ ,  $Z_b'$
- ▶  $\bar{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)}$ :  $P_c$  F. K. Guo, et. al., Rev.Mod.Phys. **90**(2018)015004, Y. Y., et. al., J.Phys.G **47**(2020)053001, ...

# Hadronic molecules?

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$P_c = \bar{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)}$  molecules?



- ▶ Exotic hadrons near thresholds

- ▶  $D\bar{D}^*$ :  $X(3872)$ ,  $Z_c(3900)$ , ...,  $DD^*$ :  $T_{cc}$
- ▶  $B\bar{B}^*$ :  $Z_b$ ,  $Z_b'$
- ▶  $\bar{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)}$ :  $P_c$  F. K. Guo, et. al., Rev.Mod.Phys. **90**(2018)015004, Y. Y., et. al., J.Phys.G **47**(2020)053001, ...

**Q. What is an interaction binding the constituent hadrons?**

# Hadron interactions

---

## Problem

Hadron interactions are **NOT established** yet...  
due to the lack of the hadron-scattering data  
( $\leftrightarrow$  Lattice QCD, Femtoscopy, etc near future!)

**How can we describe hadron interactions?**

# Hadron interactions

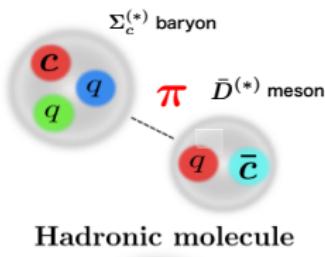
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## How can we describe hadron interactions?

### Hint 1 One pion exchange potential (Long-range int.)

- Long-range int. known in the nuclear force !
- Chiral and Heavy quark spin symmetries



OPEP

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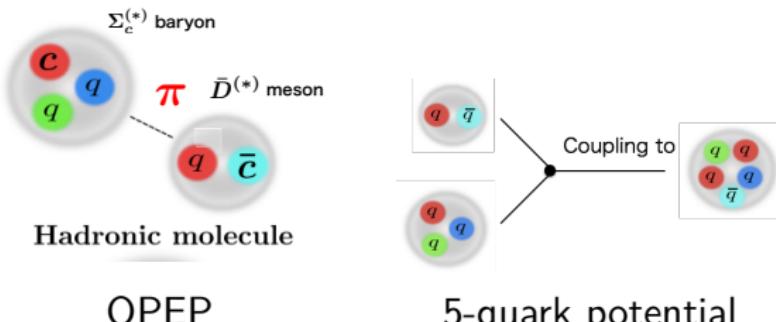
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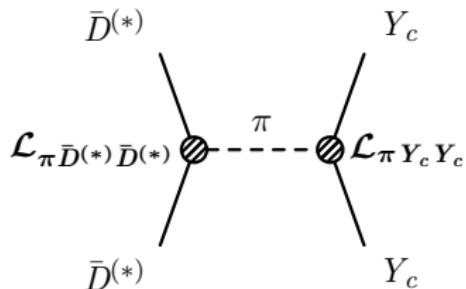
### Hint 2 Mixing of Hadronic molecule & Compact state

$\Rightarrow$  Short-range int. between the constituent hadrons



# One pion exchange potential (OPEP)

- e.g.  $\bar{D}^{(*)} Y_c$  interaction ( $\bar{D}^{(*)} = \bar{D}, \bar{D}^*$  and  $Y_c = \Lambda_c, \Sigma_c, \Sigma_c^*$ )



$$V^\pi(r) = -\frac{g_\pi g_1}{3f_\pi^2} \left[ \vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2 C(r) + S_{S_1 S_2} T(r) \right]$$

**(Contact term is removed)**

$g_\pi = 0.59, g_1 = 1.00$  determined by the  $\pi$  emission

- ⇒ OPEP induces channel couplings among  $\bar{D}\Lambda_c$ ,  $\bar{D}^*\Lambda_c$ ,  $\bar{D}\Sigma_c$ ,  $\bar{D}\Sigma_c^*$ ,  $\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c$ , and  $\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c^*$  (6 meson-baryon channels!)

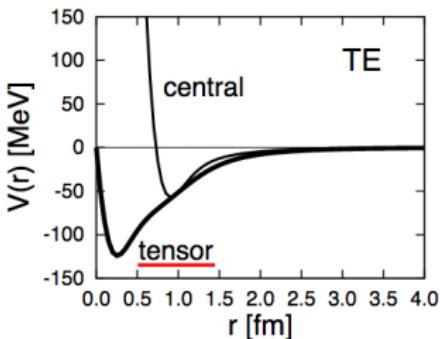
- Form factor with Cutoff  $\Lambda$  (determined by the hadron size)

$$F(\vec{q}^2) = \frac{\Lambda^2 - m_\pi^2}{\Lambda^2 + \vec{q}^2}, \quad \Lambda_{\bar{D}} \sim 1130 \text{ MeV}, \Lambda_{Y_c} \sim 840 \text{ MeV}$$

Y.Y, A. Giachino, A. Hosaka, E. Santopinto, S. Takeuchi, M. Takizawa, PRD **96**(2017)114031

# Tensor force in $NN$ ( $^3S_1 - ^3D_1$ )

- **Tensor force** in Deuteron,  $NN(^3S_1 - ^3D_1)$



**Table 2** Deuteron properties using the AV8' nucleon-nucleon potential.

Energy	-2.24 [MeV]
Kinetic	19.88
(SS)	11.31
(DD)	8.57
Central	-4.46
(SS)	-3.96
(DD)	-0.50
Tensor	-16.64
(SD)	-18.93
(DD)	2.29
LS	-1.02

K. Ikeda, T. Myo, K. Kato and H. Toki, Lect. Notes Phys. **818**, 165 (2010).

⇒ Tensor force produces a strong attraction

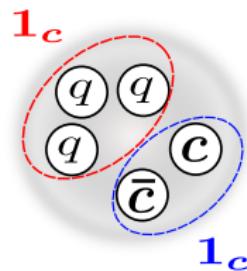
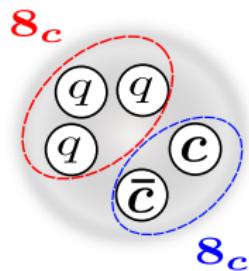
► **Tensor operator**  $S_{12}(\hat{r}) = 3(\vec{S}_1 \cdot \hat{r})(\vec{S}_2 \cdot \hat{r}) - \vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2$

⇒  $\langle \psi_S | S_{12} T | \psi_D \rangle \neq 0!$  (in general,  $\langle \psi_L | S_{12} T | \psi_{L\pm 2} \rangle \neq 0$ )

Coupling to  $D$ -wave ( $L \neq 0$ ) components is important!

## Mixing of the hadronic molecule and compact state?

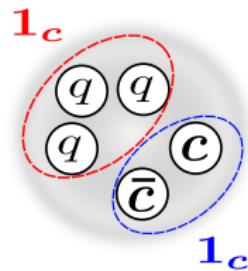
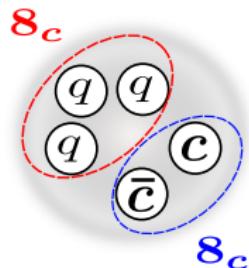
- ▶ S. Takeuchi and M. Takizawa, PLB**764** (2017) 254-259.  
 $P_c$  states by the quark cluster model
- ▶ 5-quark configurations



$$S_{q^3} = 1/2, 3/2, \quad S_{c\bar{c}} = 0, 1 \quad S_{q^3} = 1/2, \quad S_{c\bar{c}} = 0, 1$$

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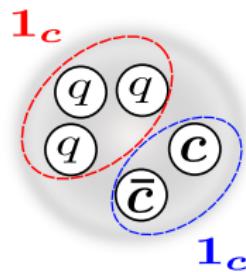
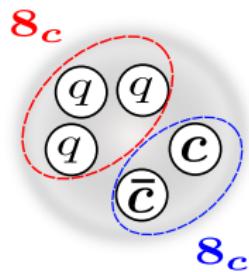


$$S_{q^3} = 1/2, \mathbf{3/2}, \quad S_{c\bar{c}} = 0, 1 \quad S_{q^3} = 1/2, \quad S_{c\bar{c}} = 0, 1$$

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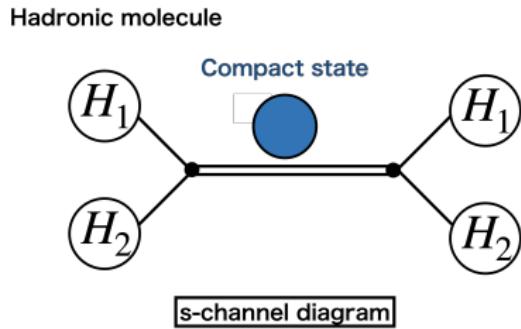
$$S_{q^3} = 1/2, \textcolor{red}{3/2}, S_{c\bar{c}} = 0, 1 \quad S_{q^3} = 1/2, S_{c\bar{c}} = 0, 1$$

- ▶  $[q^3 8_c 3/2]$ : Color magnetic int. is attractive!  
⇒ Couplings to  $(qqc)$  baryon- $(q\bar{c})$  meson, e.g.  $\bar{D}\Sigma_c$ , are allowed!

**Mixing of Compact state and Hadronic Molecule!**

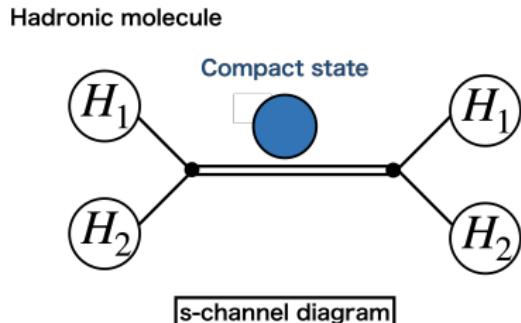
## Mixture of the hadronic molecule and compact state

- ▶ Hadronic molecule + Compact state  $\Rightarrow$  Short-range interaction in the molecule

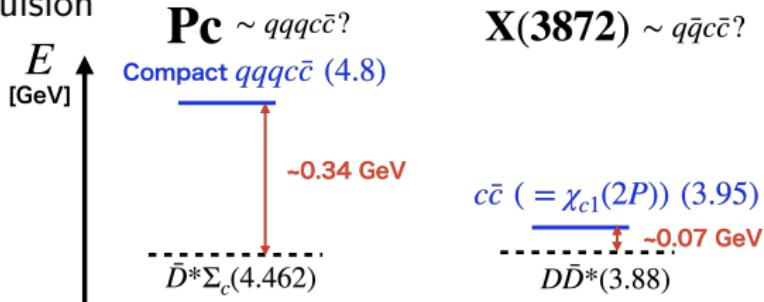


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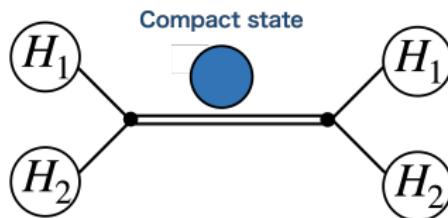
- ▶ Coupling to massive compact states producing **an attraction**  
= Level repulsion



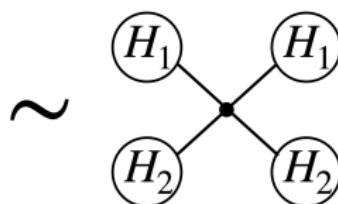
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Hadronic molecule



s-channel diagram

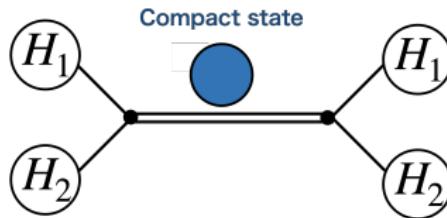


Contact interaction

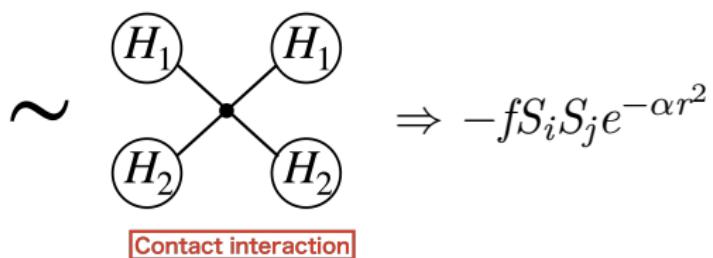
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s-channel diagram

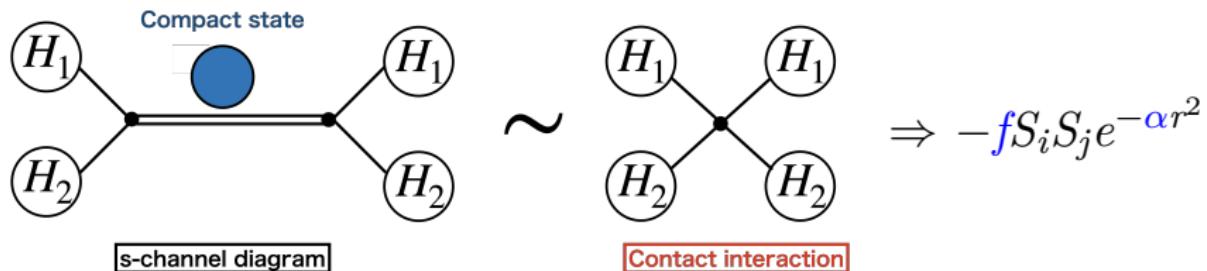


$$\Rightarrow -f S_i S_j e^{-\alpha r^2}$$

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Hadronic molecule



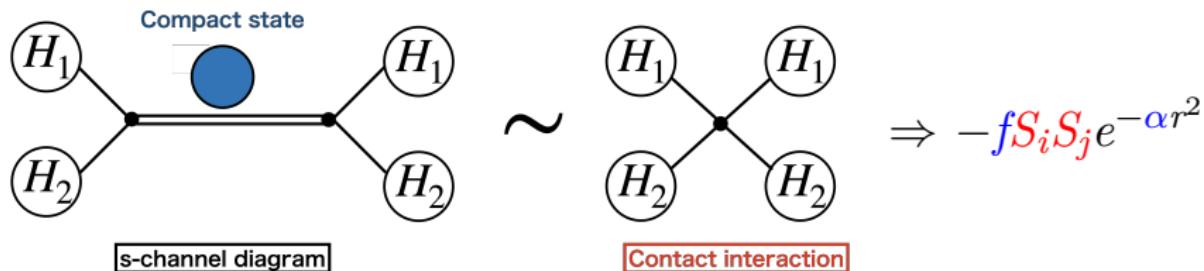
## Free Parameters

Strength  $f$  and Gaussian para.  $\alpha$  ( $\rightarrow$  may be fixed in the future)  
( $f$  is determined by the  $P_c$  data.  $\alpha = 1 \text{ fm}^{-2}$  is fixed.)

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Hadronic molecule



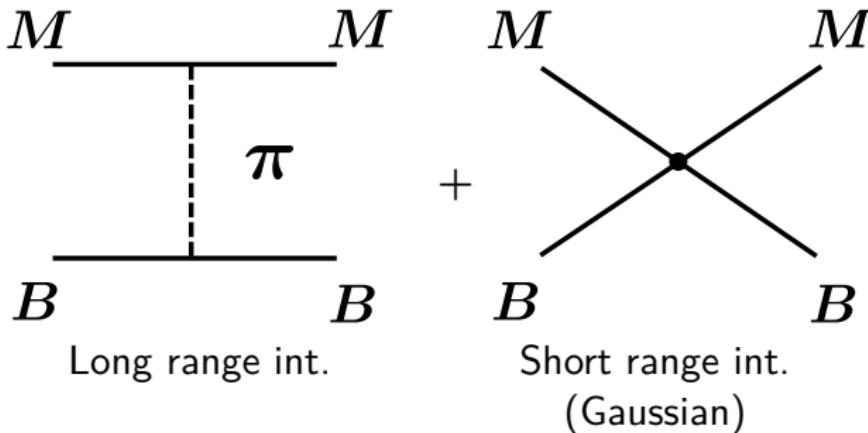
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Relative strength  $S_i$  ( $i, j = \bar{D}^{(*)}\Lambda_c, \bar{D}^{(*)}\Sigma_c^{(*)}$ )

Spectroscopic factors  $\Rightarrow$  determined by **the spin structure** of  $5q$

# Numerical Results for Hidden-charm sector

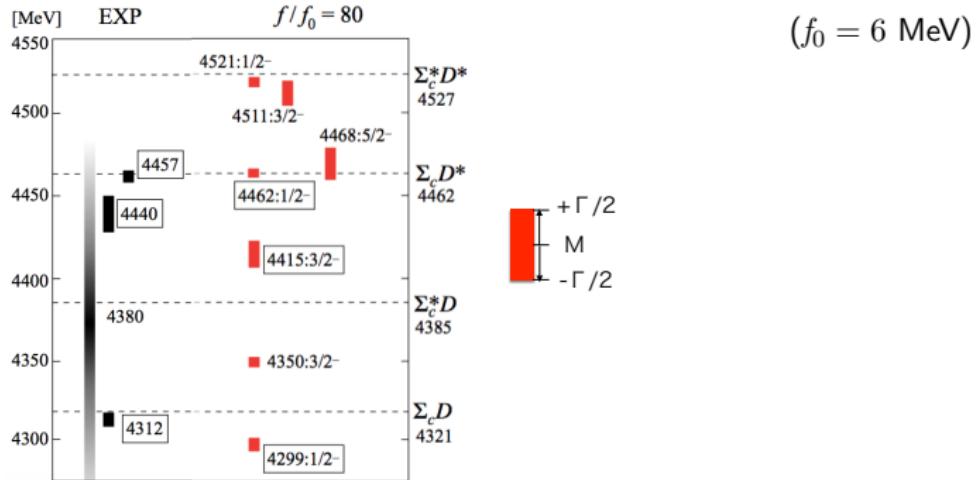


## Bound state and Resonance

- ▶ Coupled-channel Schrödinger equation for  $\bar{D}\Lambda_c$ ,  $\bar{D}^*\Lambda_c$ ,  $\bar{D}\Sigma_c$ ,  $\bar{D}\Sigma_c^*$ ,  $\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c$ ,  $\bar{D}^*\Sigma_c^*$  (6  $MB$  components).
- ▶ For  $J^P = 1/2^-, 3/2^-, 5/2^-$  (Negative parity)

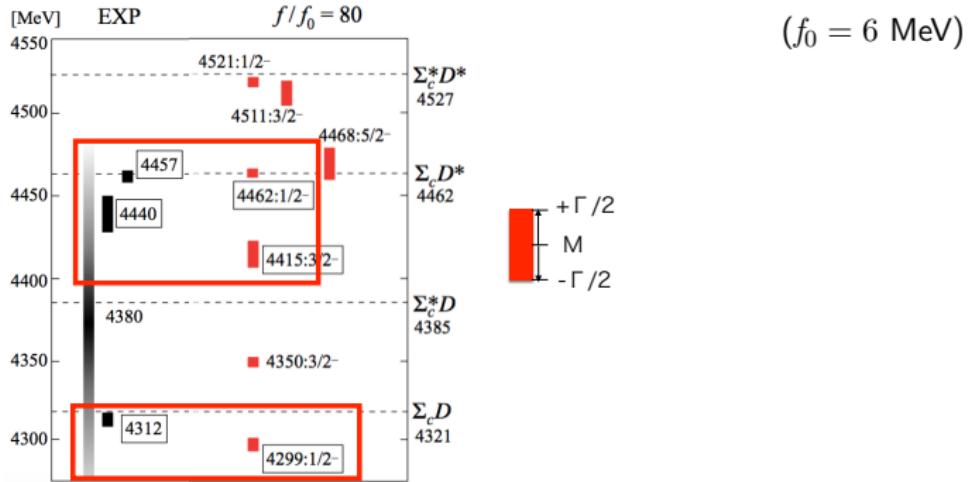
# For New $P_c$ states by LHCb in 2019

Y.Y., H.Garcia-Tecocoatzi, A.Giachino, A.Hosaka, E.Santopinto, S.Takeuchi, M.Takizawa, PRD **101** (2020) 091502(R)



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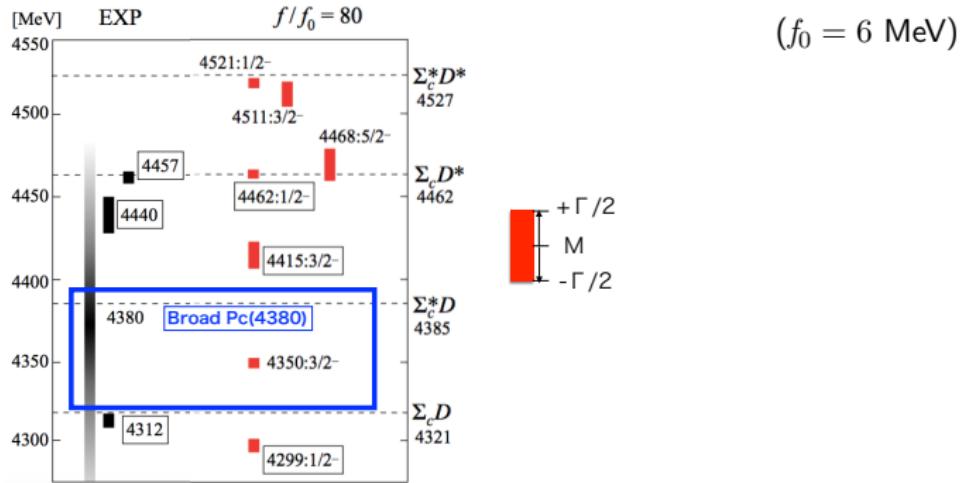
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- Agreement with  $P_c(4312)$ ,  $P_c(4440)$ , and  $P_c(4457)$

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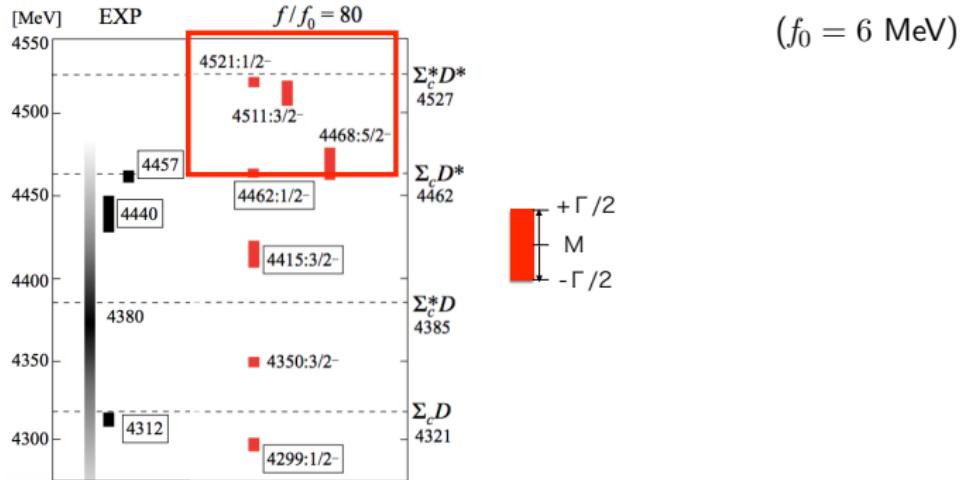
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- ▶ **Agreement with  $P_c(4312)$ ,  $P_c(4440)$ , and  $P_c(4457)$**
- ▶ For Broad  $P_c(4380)$ , we obtain the similar mass. But width...?

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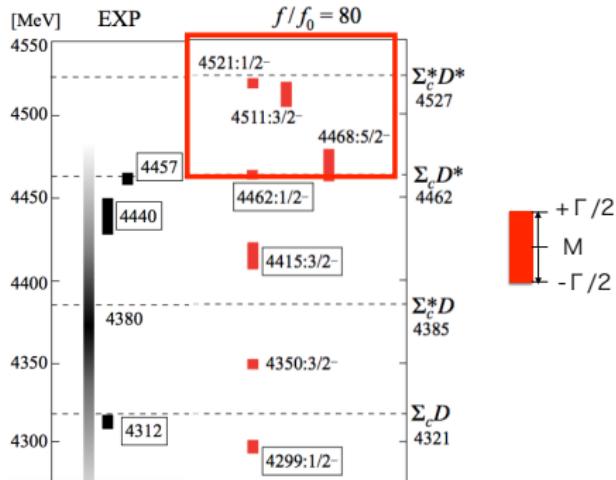
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- ▶ For Broad  $P_c(4380)$ , we obtain the similar mass. But width...?
- ▶ Predictions:  $(1/2^- , 3/2^- , 5/2^-)$  states below  $\bar{D}^* \Sigma_c^*$

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Y.Y., H.Garcia-Tecocoatzi,

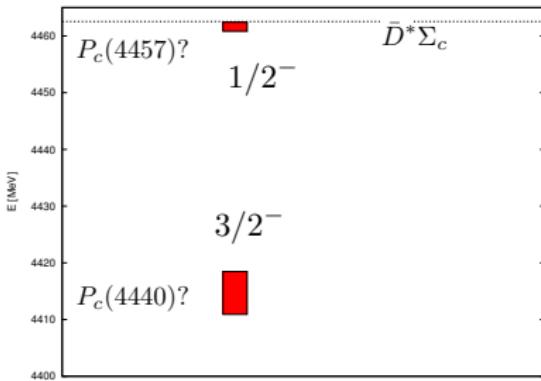
01 (2020) 091502(R)

$(f_0 = 6 \text{ MeV})$



$P_c$	LHCb ( $M, \Gamma$ )	$J^P$	Ours $5q+\text{OPEP}$	C. W. Xiao, et al., PRD100(2019)014021 Local hidden gauge	M. Z. Liu, et al., PRL122(2019)242002 Cont (B)	M. L. Du, et al., 2102.07159 Cont+OPEP (IIB)
$P_c(4312)$	(4312,9.8)	$1/2^-$	(4299,9.4)	(4306,15)	4306	(4313,6)
$P_c(4380)$	(4380,205)	$3/2^-$	(4350,5)	(4374,14)	4371	(4376,12)
$P_c(4440)$	(4440,21)	$3/2^-$	(4415,15)	(4452,3.0)	4440 (input)	(4441,8)
$P_c(4457)$	(4457,6.4)	$1/2^-$	(4462,3.2)	(4453,23)	4457 (input)	(4461,10)
$P_c$	—	$1/2^-$	(4521,2.8)	(4520,22)	4523	(4525,18)
$P_c$	—	$3/2^-$	(4511,14)	(4519,14)	4517	(4520,24)
$P_c$	—	$5/2^-$	(4468,18)	(4519,0)	4500	(4500,16)

# Role of Interactions in $P_c$



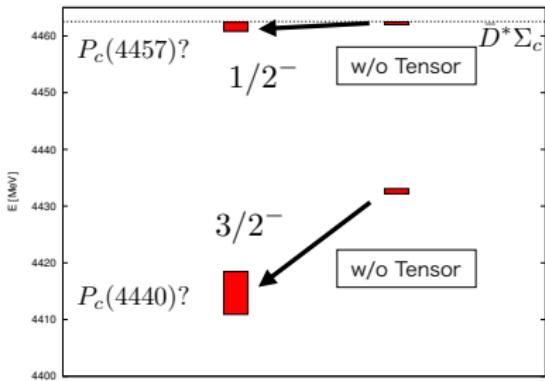
▷ Our  $J^P$  assignment

$P_c(4440)$ :  $3/2^-$

$P_c(4457)$ :  $1/2^-$

**$E(1/2^-) > E(3/2^-)$**

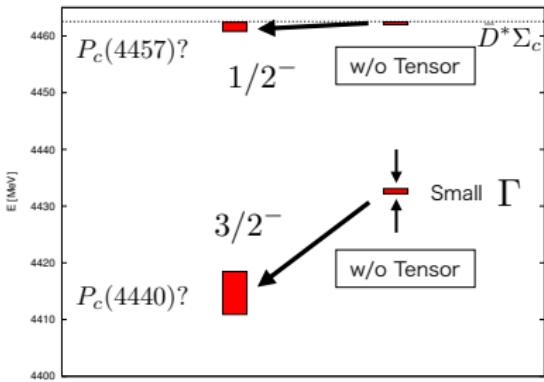
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- ▶ with Tensor (original) vs without Tensor for  $V^\pi$
- ⇒ Mass and Width are **reduced!**
  - $1/2^-$ :  $(E, \Gamma) = (4462, 1.6)$  [MeV] ⇒  $(4462, \textcolor{blue}{0.48})$  [MeV]
  - $3/2^-$ :  $(E, \Gamma) = (4415, 7.5)$  [MeV] ⇒  $(\textcolor{blue}{4433}, \textcolor{blue}{0.88})$  [MeV]

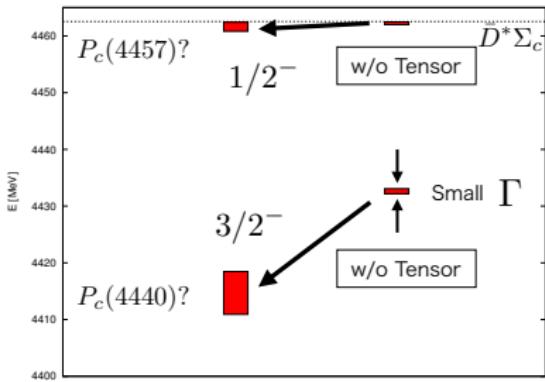
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- ▷  $V^{5q}$ : Major role to determine **Energy Levels**

# Role of Interactions in $P_c$

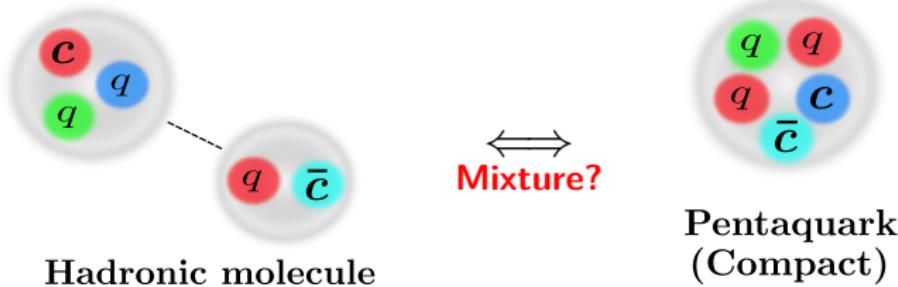


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- ▷  $V^{5q}$ : Major role to determine **Energy Levels**
- ▷  $V^\pi$ : Major role to enhance **Decay Width** (Channel-coupling effect)

# Today's talk

## Exotic hadrons as hadronic molecule + compact state



### 1. Introduction

Exotic hadron, Our mixture model

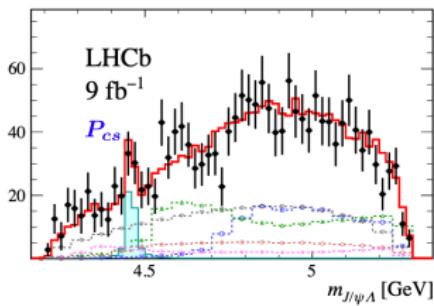
### 2. Numerical results: $P_c$ ( $qqqc\bar{c}$ ) pentaquark

### 3. Numerical results: $P_{cs}$ ( $qqsc\bar{c}$ ) pentaquark

### 4. Summary

# Strange partner $P_{cs}(qq\textcolor{red}{sc}\bar{c})$ in 2020 and 2022!

- $P_{cs}(4459)$  in 2020 Ref. R.Aaij, et al. (LHCb), Sci. Bull. **66** (2021) 1278-1287,



► One  $P_{cs}$  state ?

$$M = 4458.8 \pm 2.9^{+4.7}_{-1.1} \text{ MeV}, \Gamma = 17.3 \pm 6.5^{+8.0}_{-5.7} \text{ MeV}$$

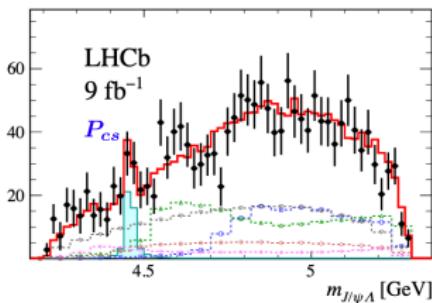
(below the  $\Xi_c^0 \bar{D}^{*0}$  threshold )

► Two-peak structure hypothesis

$$M_1 = 4454.9 \pm 2.7 \text{ MeV}, \Gamma_1 = 7.5 \pm 9.7 \text{ MeV}$$
$$M_2 = 4467.8 \pm 3.7 \text{ MeV}, \Gamma_2 = 5.2 \pm 5.3 \text{ MeV}$$

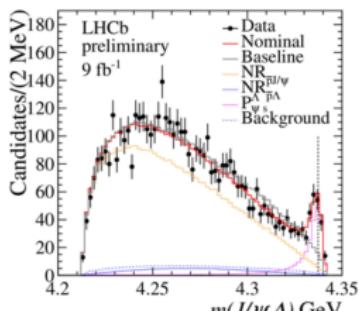
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- $P_{cs}(4459)$  in 2020 Ref. R.Aaij, et al. (LHCb), Sci. Bull. **66** (2021) 1278-1287,



- $P_{cs}(4338)$  in 2022

<https://lhcb-outreach.web.cern.ch/2022/07/05/observation-of-a-strange-pentaquark-a-doubly-charged-tetraquark-and-its-neutral-partner/>



Y. Yamaguchi (Nagoya Univ)

- One  $P_{cs}$  state ?

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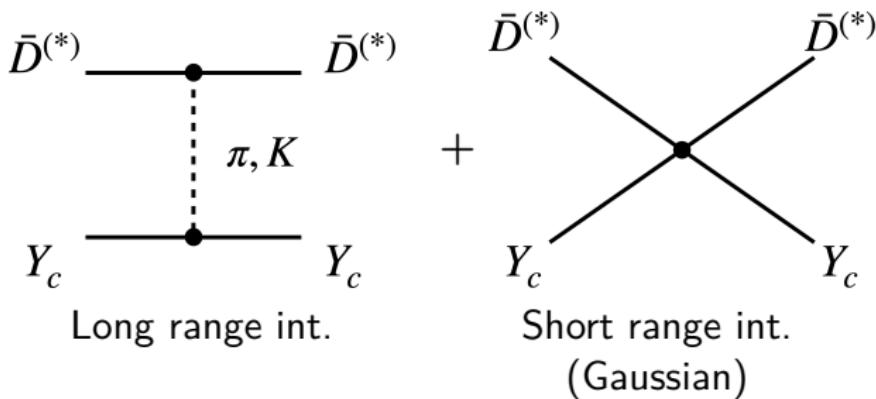
$$M = 4338.2 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 7.0 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.3 \text{ MeV}$$

(near the  $\Xi_c \bar{D}$  threshold)

The preferred quantum numbers are  $J^P = 1/2^-$ .

# Numerical Results for Strange Hidden Charm

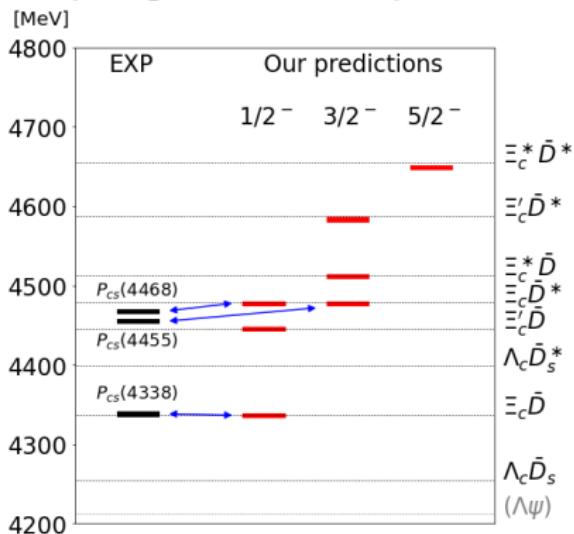


## Bound state and Resonance

- ▶ Coupled-channel Schrödinger equation for  $\bar{D}_s \Lambda_c$ ,  $\bar{D}_s^* \Lambda_c$ ,  $\bar{D} \Xi_c$ ,  $\bar{D}^* \Xi_c$ ,  $\bar{D} \Xi'_c$ ,  $\bar{D} \Xi_c^*$ ,  $\bar{D}^* \Xi'_c$ ,  $\bar{D}^* \Xi_c^*$  (8 MB components).
- ▶ Method: Gaussian expansion method + Complex scaling method
- ▶ For  $J^P = 1/2^-, 3/2^-, 5/2^-$  (Negative parity)

# Numerical results for $J^P = 1/2^-, 3/2^-, 5/2^-$

## Comparing EXP with the predicted masses

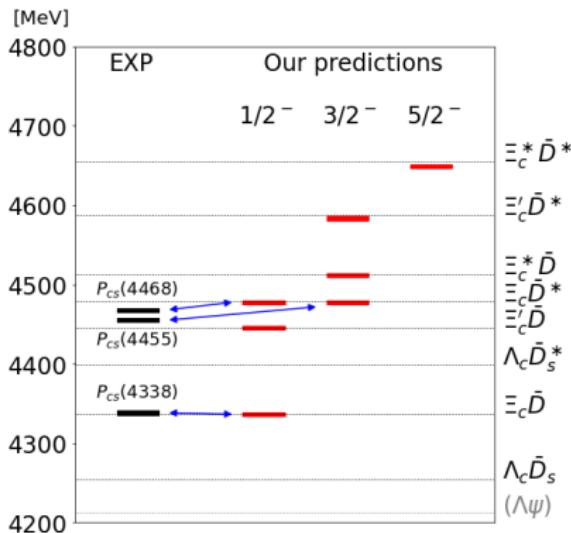


A. Giachino, A. Hosaka, E. Santopinto, S. Takeuchi,  
M. Takizawa, Y.Y, arXiv:2209.10413 [hep-ph]

► Two  $\Xi_c \bar{D}^*$  bound states  
 $\leftrightarrow P_{cs}(4468), P_{cs}(4455)$ ?

# Numerical results for $J^P = 1/2^-, 3/2^-, 5/2^-$

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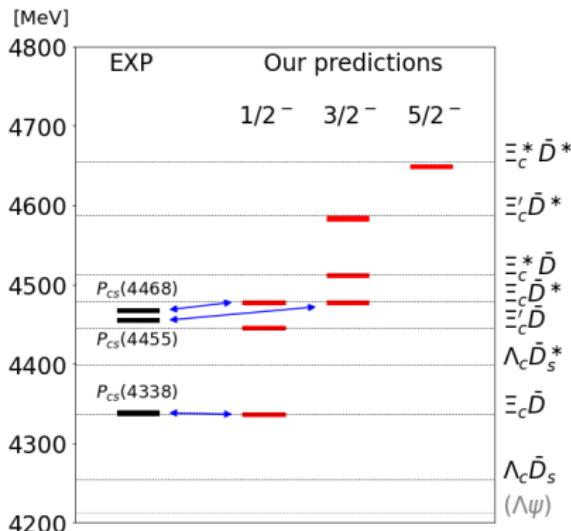


A. Giachino, A. Hosaka, E. Santopinto, S. Takeuchi,  
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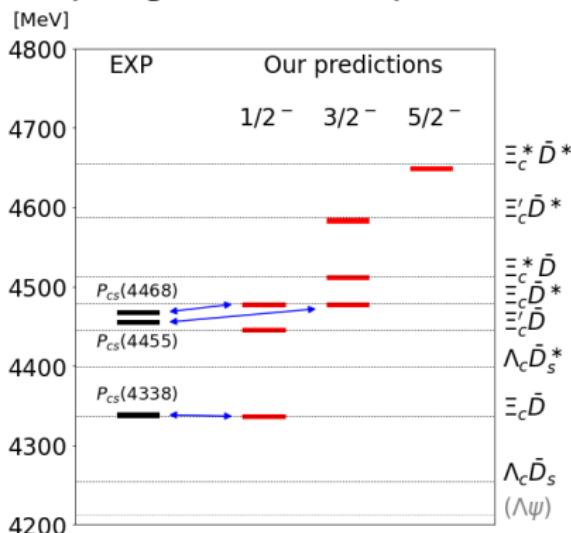
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 $\leftrightarrow P_{cs}(4338)?$
- ▶ Four new predictions

Rich structure near the thresholds

# Numerical results for $J^P = 1/2^-, 3/2^-, 5/2^-$

## Comparing EXP with the predicted masses



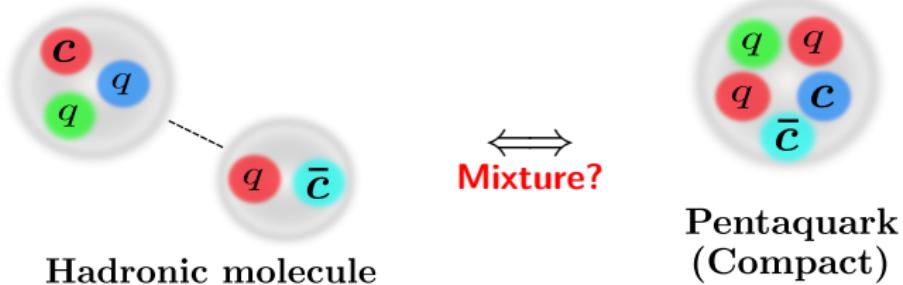
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Rich structure near the thresholds

- ▶ The short-range interaction plays the important role to **generate the attraction** → Without the short-range int, no bound state is found.
- ▶  $\pi$  exchange dominates to determine  $\Gamma$  (Channel-coupling effect)

# Summary



- ▶ Many exotic hadrons have been reported in the experiments
- ▶ Hadronic molecule + compact state model
  - ▶ Long-range int. :  $\pi$  exchange potential
  - ▶ Short-range int. : Coupling to the compact state
- ▶  $P_c$  and  $P_{cs}$  resonances are obtained near the thresholds.
  - ▶ Short-range int. determining  $E_{re}$
  - ▶ Long-range int. enhancing  $\Gamma$

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